

Courses of Study

(Detailed Course Contents)

**Under-graduate Programme
(2019-2020)**



Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University

Kakryal, Katra 182320 Jammu & Kashmir

VISION

Establishment of a Scientific & Technical University of Excellence to nurture young and talented human resources for the service of Indian Society & world at large and preserving the integrity and sanctity of human values.

MISSION

The mission of the University is the pursuit of Education, Scholarship and Research at the highest International level of excellence.

OBJECTIVES

- Provide education and training of excellent quality, both at undergraduate and postgraduate level.
- Ensure that the University achieves and maintains an international standing in both teaching and research
- Promote study and research in new and emerging areas and encourage academic interaction of the faculty and the students at national and international levels.
- Encourage close collaboration with industry and facilitate the application of research for commercial use and for the benefit of society.

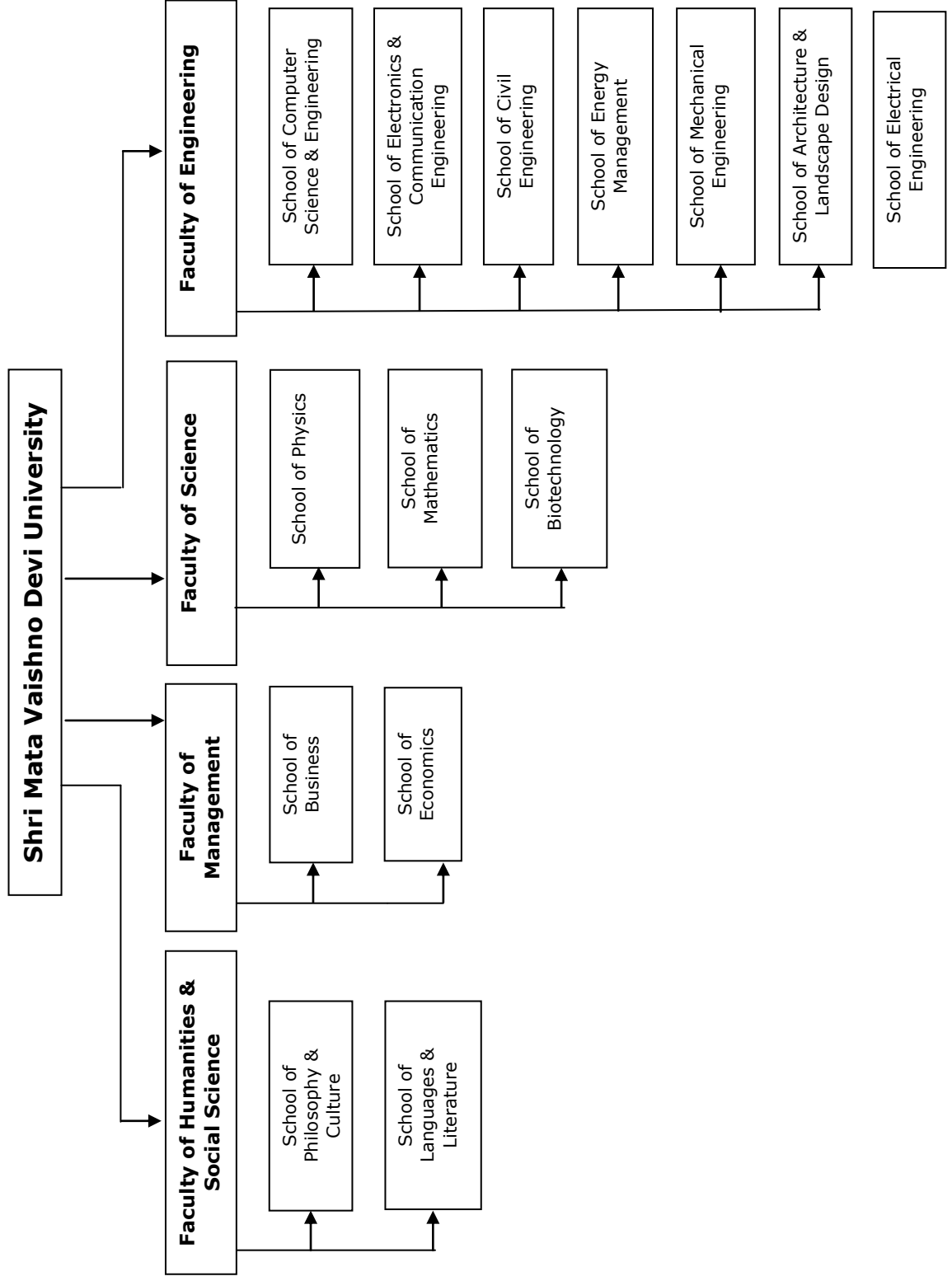
University Campus Address	Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University Kakryal, Katra 182 320 J&K, INDIA Phone:01991-285634, 285524 Fax: 01991-285694
Public Relations Officer Address	Public Relations Office, Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University Kalika Dham, Near railway Station, Jammu 180004J&K, INDIA Telefax: 0191-2470067

Website: www.smvdu.ac.in

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Academic Structure of the University



**Details of
Programme of Study
&
Syllabus of Courses**

Offered by

**School of Electronics & Communication
Engineering**

Introduction

The field of electronics is the fastest growing and the most rapidly changing area of technology in the current times. Electronics has become the all-pervasive technology, which finds application in all spheres of engineering including computers, communication, defense, mechatronics, instrumentation, automation, robotics, artificial intelligence, computer networks, satellites, education etc. The use of electronics has brought about a drastic change in the way human civilization exists today.

The School currently offers a 4 Year (8 Semester) B.Tech(Electronics & Communication Engineering) program, M.Tech(Electronics & Communication Engineering) program and PhD. The field of communication has benefited significantly because of the growth of electronics technology. Currently it is possible to communicate using computers and mobile phones across cities, deserts, and oceans via satellites orbiting in space but there is more to come. Latest technologies in the communication field are entirely dependent on the field of electronics.

Objectives

The school of Electronics & Communication engineering has been set up to impart training of the highest standards to the students, in the field of electronics, thus preparing them to meet the exacting demands of the highly competitive global industrial market. The objectives of the B.Tech Programme are:

- The progressively impart training starting from the basic fundamentals of electronics and covering the entire spectrum of current technologies being used in the field of communication, digital design, chip design and industry in general.
- To instill in the students a sense of curiosity about the field of electronics and make them confident to explore and innovate.

To ensure that the students develop strong work ethics, organizational skills, team work and understand the importance of being a thorough professional.

POs & PEOs of Programs

Programme Outcomes:

1. Apply Knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals in the domain of Electronics and Communication
2. Identify, formulate, and analyze complex engineering problems to achieve appropriate solutions.
3. Design systems and processes that meet the requirements of public safety and offer solutions for societal and environmental issues.
4. Apply research knowledge to formulate, and analyze complex engineering problems by synthesizing mathematical principles and engineering fundamentals for valid conclusions.
5. Construct, select, and apply the appropriate techniques and modern engineering tools for the system design and analysis.
6. Apply the contextual knowledge to assess the contemporary issues and the impact of engineering solutions on the society.
7. Examine the impact of engineering solutions in environmental context and utilize the knowledge for sustainable development.
8. Develop consciousness and commitment towards professional ethics, responsibilities and norms of engineering practices so as to become good citizens
9. Ability to perform effectively, individually and in a team
10. Proficiency in communication, both verbal and written forms, to be able to compete globally, and communicate effectively on complex engineering activities.
11. Demonstrate the knowledge gained in lifelong learning, and hence participate and succeed in competitive examinations, higher studies, and broader context of technological change.
12. Willingness and ability to take up administrative responsibilities involving both project and financial management confidently.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

1. To progressively impart training starting from the fundamentals of electronics and covering the entire spectrum of current technologies being used in the field Electronics and Communication Engineering
2. To inculcate a sense of curiosity in the students, about the field of E&C and make them confident to explore and innovate
3. To ensure that the students develop strong work ethics, organizational skills, team work and understand the importance of being a thorough professional

4. To develop integrality, human and Ethical values

Training Methodology

The emphasis of the program is on practical, hands-on learning. Significant part of the curriculum is dedicated to ensuring that the students get to work with latest equipment and explore the implementation of the knowledge learnt through the class-work. Besides regular class-work, skills of the students are honed by their participation in group discussions, presentations, group assignments and project work which is mandatory 5th semester onwards. The students face continuous evaluation based on these activities. The students are also required to undergo summer training in an industrial environment to learn industrial standards of project management, teamwork, quality considerations and documentation.

Infrastructure

State-of-the-art laboratories, containing the latest equipment have been set up to ensure that the students get complete facilities to thoroughly understand and explore the concepts of electronics as learnt in the class-room. Specifically keeping in mind, the fact that the University is located in a region where day-to-day industrial interaction is not feasible, the latest equipment is provided in the laboratories itself to ensure that the students are kept abreast of the newer technologies being used in the industry. The school has established laboratories in collaboration with Multi-national companies like Xilinx Inc., USA & Freescale Semiconductors Ltd., USA. The School has also established the "**Center for Embedded Instrumentation & Networked Controls**" with funding from UGC. The following laboratories have been established to provide the students with the best possible facilities for enhancing the value of the learning process:

1. Analog Electronics Lab

- Basic Electronics & Electrical Engg. Lab
- Linear Integrated circuits Lab
- Electronics Circuits Lab

2. SMVDU Xilinx Lab - Established with support from M/s Xilinx Inc., USA

- Digital Electronics Lab
- VHDL & FPGA Lab
- Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation Lab
- Control Systems Engineering Lab

3. SMVDU Freescale Systems Lab - Setup in collaboration with Freescale Semiconductors Inc. (Erstwhile Motorola Semiconductor)

- Microprocessor Lab
- Microcontrollers Lab
- Embedded Systems Lab

4. Communication Engineering Lab

- Analog Communication Lab
- Digital Communication Lab
- Microwave Lab
- Optical Fiber Communication Lab
- Switching Networks Lab

5. Electrical Machines Lab

- Power Electronics Lab
- Electrical Machines Lab

6. PCB Fabrication & Project Lab

7. Center for Embedded Instrumentation & Networked Controls (Research Lab)

- Embedded Systems Lab
- Image processing
- Wireless Networks Lab
- Signal Processing Lab

8. Microelectronics Lab (Research Lab)

- VLSI Lab
- MEMS Lab

**Program Structure of the
B. Tech (Electronics & Communication Engineering) Program, 2019 - 23**

Semester I

First Year

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
PHL 1012	Engineering Physics	3	0	2	4
ECL 1001	Introduction to Electronics Engineering	1	0	0	NC
ECL 1010	Basic Electronics	3	0	2	4
MTL 1025	Engineering Mathematics - I	3	0	0	3
CSL 1022	Introduction to 'C' Programming	3	0	2	4
LNL 1411	Professional Communication	2	0	2	3
MEP 1114	Engineering Workshop	0	0	2	1
	Induction Program	0	0	0	NC
PCN 1010	NSS (Non Credit) UGC				NC
	Total Credits				19

Semester II

First Year

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
MTL 1026	Engineering Mathematics II	3	0	0	3
MEL 1039	Engineering Graphics	1	0	2	2
CSL 1028	Programming using Python	2	0	4	4
ECL 1030	*Electronic Circuits & Simulation(ECS)	3	0	2	4
ECL 1022	*Network Analysis Synthesis	3	0	0	3
PCL 1067	Discourse on Human Virtues	3	0	0	3
LMP 1412	Language Lab-I	0	0	2	1
	Total Credits				20

Semester III

Second Year

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
PCL 2042	Introduction to Logic	3	0	0	3
BTL 2304	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	NC
ECL 2070	*Digital Electronics	3	0	2	4
ECL 3180	*Signal & Systems	3	0	0	3
ECL 2151	*Analog Communication Engineering	3	0	2	4
CSL 2031	Data Structure using C	3	0	2	4
ECP 2201	Electronics Workshop	0	0	2	1
ECC 2982	Summer Internship - I	0	0	0	1
	Total Credits				20

Semester IV**Second Year**

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
ECL 2030	*Linear Integrated Circuits & Applications	3	0	2	4
ECL 2152	*Digital Communication Engineering	3	0	2	4
ECL 2040	*Electromagnetic Field Theory	3	0	0	3
ECL 2060	*Microprocessor System	3	0	2	4
ECP 1200	Matlab Programming	1	0	2	2
ECL 3182	*Probability Theory & Stochastic Process	3	0	0	3
	Total Credits				20

Semester V**Third Year**

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
ECE XXXX	School Elective - I	3	0	0	3
ECP 4202	Digital Signals Processing	3	0	2	4
ECL 3090	*Control Systems	3	0	0	3
ECL 3080	Microcontrollers Embedded Systems	3	0	2	4
ECL 2074	*Digital System Design using Verilog	3	0	2	4
ECL 2041	Antenna & Wave Propagation	3	0	0	3
ECD 3990	Minor Project-I (Hardware Based Project)	0	0	0	3
ECC 3982	Summer Internship - II	0	0	0	1
PCN 3079	Constitution of India	1	0	0	NC
	Total Credits				25

Semester VI**Third Year**

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
	Open Elective I	3	0	0	3
ECE XXXX	School Elective - II	3	0	0	3
ECL 3130	IC Fabrication & VLSI	4	0	2	5
ECL 3181	Internet of Things	3	0	2	4
ECL 3050	*Microwave Engineering	3	0	2	4
ECL 3100	Communication & Data Network	3	0	0	3
ECD 3991	Minor Project-II (Hardware Based Project)	0	0	0	3
	Total Credits				25

Semester VII**Fourth Year**

Course	Course Title	L	T	P	C
	Open Elective –II	3	0	0	3
ECE XXXX	School Elective-III	3	0	0	3
ECE XXXX	School Elective-IV	3	0	0	3
BUE3011	Entrepreneurship Management	3	0	0	3
ECL 4170	Optical Fiber Communication	3	0	2	4
ECD 4991	Minor Project -III	0	0	0	4
ECC 4983	Summer Internship – III	0	0	0	1
	Total Credits				21

Semester VIII**Fourth Year**

Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Credit
ECD 4992 / ECC 4982	(Major Project + Open Elective-IV) (NC) / Internship		10
	Total Credits		10

Total Credits**160 Credits**

***The Tutorial Classes will be additional in the following subjects and extra slot in the table will be allocated for the same.**

***As approved in the 31st Meeting of Academic Council “2018 Batch onwards Students are required to clear comprehensive Exam in the 7th semester is eligible for B.Tech degree**

List of School Electives for B. Tech. Students

LIST OF SCHOOL ELECTIVES I, II ,III , IV						
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	S	C
1	ECE 3101	Introduction to Wireless Networks	3	0	0	3
2	ECE 4191	Speech Processing	3	0	0	3
3	ECE 4192	Image & Video Processing	3	0	0	3
4	ECE 4190	Multimedia Communications	3	0	0	3
5	ECE 4140	Introduction to MEMS Design	3	0	0	3
6	ECE 4171	Optoelectronic Devices	3	0	0	3
7	ECE 4251	Object Oriented Programming	3	0	0	3
8	ECE 4082	Advanced Embedded Systems	3	0	0	3
9	ECE 4160	Satellite Communication	3	0	0	3
10	ECE 3100	Pervasive Computing & WSN	3	0	0	3
11	ECE 4161	Radar & Navigational Guides	3	0	0	3
12	ECE 3091	Virtual Instrumentation using LAB View	3	0	0	3
13	ECE 4041	Digital Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	3
14	ECE 4193	Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3
15	ECE 4194	Deep learning	3	0	0	3
16	ECE 3091	Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation	3	0	0	3
17	ECE 4041	Digital Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	3
18	ECE 4193	Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3
19	ECE 4195	Social Networks	3	0	0	3
20	ECE 4196	Information Theory & Coding	3	0	0	3
21	ECE 4252	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3
22	ECE 4142	Analog VLSI Design	3	0	0	3
23	ECE 4103	Mobile Ad hoc Network	3	0	0	3
24	ECE 4171	Optoelectronics Device	3	0	0	3

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn basic concepts of Semiconductor Devices
CO2	Able to understand and use BJT and MOS Devices.
CO3	Learn and able to apply small signal BJT and FET analysis.
CO4	To analyze and design rectifiers and amplifiers.
CO5	Able to understand advanced semiconductor devices and oscillators.

Introduction:- Semiconductor Classification ,Semiconductor bonds, Energy band description ,Semiconductor types, Hall effect.

Diodes:- P-N junction-I/V characteristics, diode equivalent circuits, semiconductor diodes, rectifiers- (efficiency, ripple factor), filters, clippers, clampers.

Transistors:- BJT construction, characteristics (cb, ce, cc), load line. BJT biasing. FET, JFET, MOSFET (Depletion and enhancement), FET biasing.

Transistor Modeling:- BJT small signal model, hybrid equivalent model, FET small signal model.

Amplifiers:- Single stage amplifiers, voltage gain, effect of frequency on Gain, multistage amplifier.

Other Semi-conductor devices- SCR'S , Diacs, triacs, and other thyristors, basic theory of operation, characteristics, Theory and operation of UJT,

Oscillators:- Feedback BH criteria, oscillator types, sinusoidal oscillator, Hartley oscillator, Colpitts Oscillator, Phase shift, Wein bridge oscillator, crystal oscillator.

Recommended Books:

- Basic Electronics: Devices, Circuits & IT Fundamentals, Kal, PHI
- Basic Electronics for Scientists
- Electronic Devices & Circuits: An Introduction, Mottershead,
- Electronic Devices & Circuits, Boylestad, Nashelky, PHI
- Semiconductor Devices , NanditaDass, PHI
- Electronic Devices & Circuits, Milman&Halkias
- Electronic Devices & Circuits, Theodore Bogart, Jr

Basic Electrical Engineering**Course Outcomes**

CO1	To learn basic concepts of electrical engineering and be able to understand their applications.
CO2	To apply basic circuit analysis concept to solve basic electrical circuits.
CO3	To apply the network theorems to practical problems.
CO4	To study resonance behaviour of electrical circuits.
CO5	To learn basic operating principle of transformer.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Electrical Engineering: Essence of electricity, Conductors, semiconductors and insulators (elementary treatment only); Electric field; electric current, potential and potential difference, electromotive force, electric power, ohm's law, basic circuit components, electromagnetism related laws, Magnetic field due to electric current flow ,force on a current carrying conductor placed in a magnetic field, Faradays laws of electromagnetic induction. Types of induced EMF's, Kirchhoff's laws. Simple problems.

UNIT-II

Network Analysis : Basic definitions, types of elements , types of sources, resistive networks, inductive networks, capacitive networks, series parallel circuits, star delta and delta star transformation , Network theorems- Superposition , Thevenins's, Maximum power transfer theorems, Norton theorem and simple problems.

UNIT-III

Alternating Quantities : Principle of ac voltages , waveforms and basic definitions, relationship between frequency, speed and number of poles, root mean square and average values of alternating currents and voltage, form factor and peak factor, phasor representation of alternating quantities, the J operator and phasor algebra, analysis of ac circuits with single basic network element, single phase series circuits, single phase parallel circuits, single phase series parallel circuits, power in ac circuits. Fundamentals of AC- Average value, RMS value, form factor, crest factor, AC power and power factor, phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities. Simple series, parallel & series-parallel circuits containing R-L, R-C, R-L-C parameters. Active, Apparent & Reactive power, Resonance in series & parallel circuits.

UNIT-IV

Transformers : Principles of operation, Constructional Details, Ideal Transformer and Practical Transformer, Losses, Transformer Test, Efficiency and Regulation Calculations.

Recommended Books:

- Electrical & Electronic Technology, Hughes, Pearson Education
- Basic Electrical Engineering, Cathey, Nasar, TMH
- Basic Electrical Engineering, Mittal, TMH

- Basic Electrical Engineering, B. L. Theraja
- Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Deltoro, PHI
- Network & Systems, D Roy Choudhary
- Circuit Analysis, A.K. Chakrabarti

Linear Integrated Circuits and Applications

ECL 1030

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To understand the concept of differential amplifiers	
CO2	To understand the basics of Operational amplifiers and its applications	
CO3	To be able to perform the Frequency response analysis of Op-amp	
CO4	To be able to design active filters and oscillators using Op-amp	
CO5	To be introduced about some specialized IC applications of OP-amp	

Unit I: Introduction: Differential Amplifiers

Basics of Differential Amplifier, Transistorized Differential Amplifier, Configurations of Differential Amplifier, Analysis of Dual Input Balanced Output Differential Amplifier, Constant Current Bias, Current Mirror Circuit, Cascading of Differential Amplifiers.

Unit II: Introduction to Operational Amplifiers

The Ideal Op-Amp, Block diagram Representation of Op-Amp, Voltage Transfer Curve of Op-Amp, Integrated Circuit: Package Types, Pin Identification and Temperature- Ranges, Interpretation of Data sheets and Characteristics of an Op-Amp, Inverting and Non-Inverting Configuration, Ideal Open-Loop and Closed-Loop Operation of Op-Amp, Block diagram Representation of Feedback Configurations, Voltage-Series Feedback Amplifier, Voltage-Shunt Feedback Amplifier, Differential Amplifiers with One & Two Op-Amps.

Unit III: Frequency Response of an Op-Amp

Introduction, Frequency Response, Compensating Networks, Frequency Response of Internally Compensated Op-Amp, Frequency response of Non-compensated Op-Amp, Closed-Loop Frequency Response, Circuit Stability, Slew Rate.

Unit-IV: General Linear Applications

DC & AC Amplifiers, Peaking Amplifier, Summing, Scaling and Averaging amplifier, Instrumentation Amplifier, Voltage-to-Current Converter, Current-to-Voltage Converter, The Integrator, The Differentiator, Log and Antilog Amplifier, Peak Detector, Precision Rectifiers, Comparator, Zero Crossing Detector, Schmitt Trigger, Sample and Hold Circuit, Clippers and Clampers, A/D and D/A Converters.

Unit V: Active Filters and Oscillators

Active Filters:- Butterworth Filters, Band-Pass Filters, Band Reject Filters, All-Pass Filters. Oscillators and Wave Generators:- Phase Shift Oscillator, Wien Bridge Oscillator, Voltage-Controlled Oscillator(VCO), Square Wave Generator, Triangular Wave Generator, Saw-tooth Wave Generator.

Unit VI: Specialized IC Applications

Introduction, Universal Active Filter, The 555 Timer, Monostable and Astable Multivibrator using IC 555, Phase-Locked Loop(PLL), Voltage Regulators.

Recommended Books:

- OP-AMP and Linear IC's By Ramakant A. Gayakwad, Prentice Hall
- Digital Integrated Electronics, By Taub and Schilling, McGraw Hill
- Integrated Electronics, By Millman J. and Halkias C.C., McGraw Hill.
- Op-Amp and Linear IC's, By Caughlier and Driscoll, PHI

Communication and Data Network

ECL 3100

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	To understand signal flow on physical layer.
CO2	Able to understand behavior network layer.
CO3	Able to understand behavior Data-link layer.
CO4	Able to understand behavior Transport layer.
CO5	To apply knowledge in the data communication systems

Unit I: Physical Layer

Communication Medium (Copper, OFC, Wireless), Connectors and Cables (RJ11, RJ45, 8P8C, Cat5, Cat6, UTP, Coax, 10baseT etc.) Baseband and Passband Communications, Modulation schemes, Source coding, Channel coding, Line coding

Unit II: Data link Layer

Framing and Error Detection, Packet Multiple Access, Packet Switching, Aloha, CSMA (CA, CD), RTS CTS, Hidden/Exposed Terminals, ARQ Protocols, ARP, LAN, Ethernet, 802.11, 802.15.1, 802.15.4

Unit III: Network Layer

Network Addressing, Subnets, Packet Routing, Packet Fragmentation, Routing Protocols, WAN, IP, ICMP

Unit IV: Transport Layer

Datagrams, Segments, Bit Streams, Connection Oriented and Connectionless Protocols, Reliability, Error Detection and Correction, Flow Control, Congestion Control, TCP, UDP, RTP, Host to Host Communication

Recommended Books:

- 1. D E Comer and M S Narayanan. Computer Networks and Internets 4th ed : Pearson Education: ISBN: 9788177589276
- 2. Peterson and Davie. Computer Networks (2nd Edition). San Francisco, CA: Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 1999. ISBN: 1558605142 .
- 3. Tanenbaum, A. S. Computer Networks. 4th ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ : Prentice Hall, 2003. ISBN: 0130661023.
- 4. Stevens. TCP/IP Illustrated. Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley Pub. Co., c1994-c1996. ISBN: 0201633469.
- 5. Saltzer, J., D. Reed, and D. Clark. "End-to-end Arguments in System Design." ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS) 2, no. 4 (1984): 195-206.
- 6. Cerf, V., and R. Kahn. "A Protocol for Packet Network Interconnection." IEEE Transactions on Communications COM-22 (1974): 637-648.
- 7. Clark, D. "Design Philosophy of the DARPA Internet Protocol." Proc ACM SIGCOMM (August 1988): 106-114. Stanford, CA.
- 8. Paxson, V. "End-to-End Routing Behavior in the Internet." IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking 5, no. 5 (October 1997): 601-615.
- 9. Jacobson, V., and M. Karels. "Congestion Avoidance and Control." Proc ACM SIGCOMM (August 1988). Stanford, CA.
- 10. Bharghavan, V., A. Demers, S. Shenker, and L. Zhang. "MACAW: A Media Access Protocol for Wireless LANs." ProcACM SIGCOMM (September 1994): 212-225. London, UK.

Engineering Mathematics II

MTL 1026

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	Understand the concepts of vector calculus like directional derivative, gradient, divergence and curl, and their applications.
CO2	learn and apply the concepts of vector integral calculus for the computation of work done, circulation, and flux.
CO3	formulate the differential equations concerning physical phenomena like electric circuits, wave motion, heat equation etc.
CO4	learn various methods of solution of ordinary and partial differential equations.
CO5	solve various partial differential equations arising in heat conduction problems and wave propagation problems.

Unit -I

Vector Calculus: Beta & Gamma functions. Differentiation of vector functions of scalar variables. Gradient of a scalar field, Divergence & Curl of a vector field and their properties. Line & surface integrals. Green's theorem, Stokes' theorem & Gauss' theorem both in vector & Cartesian forms (statement only) with simple applications.

Unit-II

Ordinary Differential Equation(ODE): Formation of ODE, definition of order and degree of ODE and solution, ODE's of first order, method of separation of variables, homogenous and non-homogenous differential equations and their solution, exactness and integrating factor, Bernoulli's equation, linear ODE's of nth order, operator method, method of undetermined coefficients, method variation of parameters, solution of simple simultaneous ODE's.

Unit-III

Partial Differential Equation(PDE): Formation of (PDE), Solution of PDE by direct integration, Lagrange's linear equation, Non-linear PDE of first order, Method of separation of variables, Heat, Wave & Laplace's equations (Two dimensional Polar & Cartesian Co-ordinates).

Recommended Books:

- E. Kreysig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley 10th edition 2011.
- Frank Ayres , Vector Analysis, Mc Graw Hills, 6th edition 2011.
- T. Marsden and W.H. Freeman, VectorCalculus, Freeman, 6 edition 2011.
- G. Simons, Differential Equations with Applications, TMH, McGraw-Hill Higher Education; 2 edition 1991.
- S.L. Ross, Differential Equations, Wiley 3rd edition 1984.
- R. Zelman, A Course in Ordinary and PDEs, Academic Press, 1st edition 2014.

Electronic Circuits& Simulation

ECL 1030

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn basic concepts of Semiconductor Devices
CO2	Able to understand and use BJT and MOS Devices.

CO3	Learn and able to apply small signal BJT and FET analysis.
CO4	To analyze and design rectifiers and amplifiers using SPICE.
CO5	Able to understand advanced semiconductor devices and oscillators.

Bias stability: - Operating point, Q point variation due to changes in β & temperature, Stability factor, stability factor analysis (variation of I_{co}, V_{be})

Small signal Analysis:-BJT small signal analysis, h parameters, FET small signal analysis, small signal high frequency model (n model), Millers theorem.

Large Signal Amplifiers: Classification of power amplifiers (Class A,B, C& D), push pull amplifier,

Multistage Amplifier:-General cascade system, configuration of RC coupled, transformer coupled, direct couple multistage amplifier, General frequency consideration, Effect of cascading on the bandwidth of an amplifier.

Frequency response of Amplifier:-Frequency response characteristics, the high frequency response of CE stage, the gain bandwidth product, common source stage at high frequency, Emitter and source followers at high frequency, the time constant method of obtaining the response.

Feedback Amplifiers:-Feedback concepts, the transfer gain with feedback, general characteristics of feedback amplifier. Input resistance, output resistance, voltage series feedback pair, current series feedback, current shunt feedback, voltage shunt feedback.

Regulated power supplies:- ordinary DC power supply, voltage regulators, Zener as voltage regulator, series voltage regulators, principle of switching voltage regulator, IC voltage regulator, its specification and performance characteristics

Circuit Simulation using PSPICE: SPICE and its types, limitations; Circuit Descriptions: Input files, Element values, Nodes, Circuit elements, Sources, Types of Analysis, Output Variables and commands; Format of circuit and output files, simulation of simple DC circuits.

Recommended Books:

- Integrated Electronics, Millman&Halkias, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- Microelectronics, Millman&Grabel, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- Electronics Circuits, Schilling &Belove, McGraw Hill
- Introduction to PSpice using OrCad for Circuits & Electronics, Rashid, Pearson Education

Digital Electronics

ECL 2070

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To provide the skills to efficiently acquire knowledge on digital electronic circuit analysis and design.
CO2	To acquire Knowledge of various number systems and codes from historic point of view.
CO3	To understand the logic families in digital circuits.
CO4	To obtain the ability to analyze various aspects of sequential circuit design.
CO5	To learn the design procedure for Sequential Circuits and data converters.

Basic concepts of Boolean Algebra: Review of number systems - Binary, Hexadecimal, conversion from one to another, complement arithmetic, Signed and unsigned numbers and their arithmetic operations. BCD, Excess-3, Gray and Alphanumeric codes. Review of Boolean algebra, De-Morgan's Theorems, Standard Forms of Boolean Expressions, Minimization-Techniques: K-MAPS, VEM Technique, Q-M (Tabulation) method.

Logic Gates & families: Logic Families: TTL, MOS, CMOS, Bi-CMOS; Performance parameters of IC families: input and output loading, fan-in, fan-out, tri-state, current drive, voltage levels, noise margins, power-speed tradeoff; Unused inputs; Interfacing between logic families.

Combinational Logic Circuits: Problem formulation and design of Basic Combinational Logic Circuits, Combinational Logic Using Universal Gates. Basic Adders, ALU, Parity-Checkers and Generators, Comparators, Decoders, Encoders, Code Converters, Multiplexer (Data Selector), De-multiplexers

Sequential Circuits: Latches, Flip-flops (SR, JK, T, D, Master/Slave FF,) Edge-Triggered Flip-Flops, Flip-Flop Operating Characteristics, Basic Flip-Flop Applications, Asynchronous Counter Operation, Synchronous Counter Operation, Up/Down Synchronous Counters.

Shift registers & Memories

Shift Register Functions, Serial In - Serial Out Shift Registers, Serial In - Parallel Out Shift Registers, Parallel In - Serial Out Shift Registers, Parallel In - Parallel Out Shift Registers, Bidirectional Shift Registers, Basics of Semiconductor Memories, Random-Access Memories (ROM), Read Only Memories (ROMs), Programmable ROM's (PROMs and EPROM's), PAL, PLA.

A/D and D/A convertor

Characteristics of ADC, Types of ADC- SAR, Dual Slope, Flash ADC. Characteristics of DAC, R-2R Ladder, Weighted Resistance Type

Circuit and electrical interfacing considerations

Transmission line effect, reflection, crosstalk, Noise sources, shielding and decoupling

Recommended Books:

- "Digital Fundamentals" by Thomas L. Floyd, Prentice Hall, Inc
- "Digital Systems - Principles and Applications" by Tocci, R. J. and Widner, Prentice Hall,
- Switching and finite automata theory: Z V Kohavi.-TMH
- Digital Logic Circuit Analysis & Design, by Victor P. Nelson, H. Troy Nagle, Bill D. Carroll and J. David Irwin, Prentice Hall,
- Digital logic and computer design: M Morris Mano -PHI

- Modern digital electronics: R.P. Jain. TMH
- *Digital Design: Principles and Practices*, by Wakerly J F, Prentice-Hall,
- "Digital Experiments Emphasizing Systems and Design," by David Buchla, Prentice Hall, Inc,

Digital Electronics Fundamentals

ECL 2073

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Logic gates: Transfer characteristics, propagation delays, power consumption, fan-in, fan-out. TTL, ECL and MOS logic circuits.

Number systems and codes: Signed and unsigned numbers and their arithmetic operations. BCD, Excess-3, Gray and Alphanumeric codes

Boolean Algebra: SOP, POS, Min-term & Max-term, Minimization of Boolean equations using Boolean algebra & K-maps

Combinational and Arithmetic circuits: Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, decoders, encoders, parity checkers, half and full adders.

Sequential circuits: Flip-flops- RS, JK, D-type and master-slave flip-flops. Flip-Flop specifications. Counters – Binary, ripple, synchronous, Mod-K and decade counters and their design, Shift registrars and multi-vibrators.

Semiconductor memories: ROM, PROM, EPROM, Static and dynamic RAM, memory addressing

DAC and ADC: Weighted resistance DAC, R-2R ladder network, flash ADC, single and dual slope ADC, successive approximation ADC.

Recommended Books:

- "Digital Fundamentals" by Thomas L. Floyd, Prentice Hall, Inc,
- OP-AMP and Linear IC's By Ramakant A. Gayakwad, Prentice Hall
- Digital Integrated Electronics, By Taub and Schilling, McGraw Hill
- Op-Amp and Linear IC's, By Coughlin and Driscoll, PHI

Fundamentals of Digital Electronics

ECL 6071

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Logic gates: Transfer characteristics, propagation delays, power consumption, fan-in, fan-out. TTL, ECL and MOS logic circuits.

Number systems and codes: Signed and unsigned numbers and their arithmetic operations. BCD, Excess-3, Gray and Alphanumeric codes

Boolean Algebra: SOP, POS, Min-term & Max-term, Minimization of Boolean equations using Boolean algebra & K-maps

Combinational and Arithmetic circuits: Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, decoders, encoders, parity checkers, half and full adders.

Sequential circuits: Flip-flops- RS, JK, D-type and master-slave flip-flops. Flip-Flop specifications. Counters – Binary, ripple, synchronous, Mod-K and decade counters and their design, Shift registrars and multi-vibrators.

Semiconductor memories: ROM, PROM, EPROM, Static and dynamic RAM, memory addressing

DAC and ADC: Weighted resistance DAC, R-2R ladder network, flash ADC, single and dual slope ADC, successive approximation ADC.

Recommended Books:

- "Digital Fundamentals" by Thomas L. Floyd, Prentice Hall, Inc
- OP-AMP and Linear IC's By Ramakant A. Gayakwad, Prentice Hall
- Digital Integrated Electronics, By Taub and Schilling, McGraw Hill
- Op-Amp and Linear IC's, By Coughlin and Driscoll, PHI

Network Analysis & Synthesis

ECL 1022

3 – 1 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	

CO3	

Foundations of Network Analysis

Passive elements and their circuit properties, Voltage & Current Sources, Source Transformations, Network Theorems (Tellegen's, Reciprocity, Compensation Theorem), Duality, Concept of Complex Impedance

Network Graph Theory: Concept of a network graph terminology used in network graph, relation between twigs and links, Properties of a tree in a graph, Formation of incidence matrix, No. of trees in a graph, Cut set matrix and tie set matrix

Laplace Transform

Definition, Inverse L.T, Properties of L.T, Solution of Linear Differential equations, Transformed Circuit Components Representation, Independent Sources, Resistance Inductance and Capacitance Parameters, Transfer Functions

Transient Response

Initial Conditions, Transient and Steady State Responses, Transient responses of RL, RC and RLC Networks

Two-port Networks

Two-port parameters (z, y, h, ABCD), Transfer functions using two-port parameters. Interconnection of two-ports, Analysis of Ladder Networks

Network Synthesis

Causality and Stability, Hurwitz polynomials. Positive real functions, Frequency Response of Reactive One-ports, Synthesis of Reactive One-ports by Foster's method, Synthesis of Reactive One-ports by Cauer's Method.

Filters

Determination of pass and attenuation bands constant K-type, Low pass, High pass, Band pass, Band stop, M-derived filters, Lattice filter

Recommended Books:

- M E Van Valkenburg, "Network Analysis", Prentice Hall of India,
- F FKuo, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", Wiley,
- K.M.Soni, "Circuits & Systems" Kataria & Sons,

Industrial Electronics

ECL 2020

4 - 0 - 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Unit I: Power Diodes and Transistors

Power Diodes: Construction, Switching characteristics Power BJT: Construction, Operation, Steady state characteristics, Switching characteristics. Switching limits, Break down voltages, Second breakdown, Thermal runaway. Power MOSFET: Construction, Operation, Static characteristics, Switching characteristics, Forward and reverse bias Safe Operating Area

Unit II: Thyristors

SCR: Construction, Operation, Transistor analogy, Static characteristics, Switching characteristics, SCR ratings, Gate Characteristics, Triggering requirements, Triggering techniques
TRIAC: Construction, Operation, Steady state characteristics, Triggering modes, Principle of DIAC, Phase control using TRIAC.

Unit III: AC Power Converters

AC - DC converters: Concept of line & forced commutation Single phase Semi & Full converters for R & R-L loads, Effect of free wheeling diode, Three phase Semi & Full converters for R load.
AC - AC converters: Single phase AC voltage controller for R & R-L loads, Three phase AC voltage controller for R load.

Unit IV: DC Power Converters

DC - DC converters: DC Chopper: - Working principle of step down chopper and step up chopper, choppers for R-L load, DC- AC converters: Inverter: - Working principle of single phase, Bridge inverter for R & R-L load

Unit V: DC & AC Rotating Machines

Principle of Electromechanical energy conversion
DC machines: Construction, Induced emf & torque equations, Characteristics of shunt and series machines and Speed Control
Three phase induction motors: Construction, Working and Characteristics.
Synchronous machine: Construction, Working and Voltage/Speed Regulation

Unit VI: Transformers

Single Phase and Three phase Transformers: Construction, Working Principle, Equivalent circuit, Phasor Diagram, Open/Short Circuit Tests, Voltage Regulation

Recommended Books:

- M. D. Singh & K B Khanchandani, "Power Electronics", TMH, New Delhi.
- Guru, Hiziroglu, "Electric Machinery & Transformer"
- M. H. Rashid, "Power Electronics circuits devices and applications", PHI, New Delhi.
- P.C. Sen, "Modern Power Electronics", S Chand & Co New Delhi.
- Ned Mohan, T. Undeland & W. Robbins, "Power Electronics Converters applications and design", John Wiley & sons, Singapore.
- H. Cotton, "Electrical Technology", CBS.
- Nagrath Kothari, "Electrical Machines", TMH.

Electromagnetic Field Theory

ECL 2040

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	Able to understand vector analysis and coordinate systems.	
CO2	Able to learn time varying electromagnetic field.	
CO3	To understand solution of wave equations.	
CO4	Able to understand radiation & reflection in time varying EM field.	
CO5	To understand the basics of transmission line.	

Unit I: Introduction

Vector Analysis, Coordinate System, Gradient, Divergence, Curl, Laplaceian in rectilinear, Cylindrical, Spherical Coordinate System, Line, surface and volume integrals, Divergence Theorem, Stoke's theorem

Unit II: Time varying fields and Maxwell's equations

Introduction, The Equation of Continuity For Time-Varying Fields, Inconsistency Of Ampere's Law, Maxwell's Equation in Integral and differential form, Physical Significance of Maxwell Equation, Boundary conditions.

ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES

Solution For Free-Space Conditions, Uniform Plane Waves & Propagation, The Wave Equations For A Conducting Medium, Sinusoidal Time Variations, Conductors And Dielectrics, Polarization, Reflection By A Perfect Conductor Normal Incidence & Oblique Incidence, Reflection By A Perfect Dielectric — Normal Incidence & Oblique Incidence, Reflection At The Surface Of A Conductive Medium.

RADIATION

Potential Functions And Electromagnetic Field, Potential Functions For Sinusoidal Oscillations, Alternating Current Element, Power Radiated By Current Element, Application To Short Antennas, Radiation From A Monopole Or Dipole.

Transmission Line

Circuit theory analysis of Transmission Line, Loss less and Lossy transmission lines, Reflection coefficient, Transmission Coefficient, VSWR, Input Impedance, Matching of Transmission Line, pulse excitation. Group Velocity and Phase velocity.

Recommended Books:

- Fields & Wave Electromagnetics , DK Cheng
- Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems, Jordan & Balmain
- Elements of Electromagnetics, Sadiku
- Engineering Electromagnetics: W H Hayt & J A Buck
- Advanced Engineering Electromagnetics: C A Balanis

Linear Integrated Circuits

ECL 2030

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Differential Amplifiers

Basics of Differential Amplifier, Transistorized Differential Amplifier, Configurations of Differential Amplifier, Analysis of Dual Input Balanced Output Differential Amplifier, Constant Current Bias, Current Mirror Circuit, Cascading of Differential Amplifiers.

Introduction to Operational Amplifiers

The Ideal Op-Amp, Block diagram Representation of Op-Amp, Voltage Transfer Curve of Op-Amp, Integrated Circuit: Package Types, Pin Identification and Temperature- Ranges, Interpretation of Data

sheets and Characteristics of an Op-Amp, Inverting and Non-Inverting Configuration, Ideal Open-Loop and Closed-Loop Operation of Op-Amp, Block diagram Representation of Feedback Configurations, Voltage-Series Feedback Amplifier, Voltage-Shunt Feedback Amplifier, Differential Amplifiers with One & Two Op-Amps.

Frequency Response of an Op-Amp

Introduction, Frequency Response, Compensating Networks, Frequency Response of Internally Compensated Op-Amp, Frequency response of Non-compensated Op-Amp, Closed-Loop Frequency Response, Circuit Stability, Slew Rate.

General Linear Applications

DC & AC Amplifiers, Peaking Amplifier, Summing, Scaling and Averaging amplifier, Instrumentation Amplifier, Voltage-to-Current Converter, Current-to-Voltage Converter, The Integrator, The Differentiator, Log and Antilog Amplifier, Peak Detector, Precision Rectifiers, Comparator, Zero Crossing Detector, Schmitt Trigger, Sample and Hold Circuit, Clippers and Clampers, A/D and D/A Converters.

Active Filters and Oscillators

Active Filters:- Butterworth Filters, Band-Pass Filters, Band Reject Filters, All-Pass Filters. Oscillators and Wave Generators:- Phase Shift Oscillator, Wien Bridge Oscillator, Voltage-Controlled Oscillator (VCO), Square Wave Generator, Triangular Wave Generator, Saw-tooth Wave Generator.

Specialized IC Applications

Introduction, Universal Active Filter, The 555 Timer, Monostable and Astable Multivibrator using IC 555, Phase-Locked Loop (PLL), Voltage Regulators.

Recommended Books:

- OP-AMP and Linear IC's By Ramakant A. Gayakwad, Prentice Hall
- Digital Integrated Electronics, By Taub and Schilling, McGraw Hill
- Integrated Electronics, By Millman J. and Halkias C.C., McGraw Hill.
- Op-Amp and Linear IC's, By Caughlier and Driscoll, PHI

Analog Communication Engineering

ECL 2151

3 – 1 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	Able to understand basic concept of signals and Fourier transform.
CO2	Able to learn amplitude modulation and angle modulation.
CO3	Able to learn the basic design concept of communication transmitters and receivers.
CO4	Acquire knowledge of random signal theory.
CO5	Able to learn noise analysis in communication systems.

Introduction: Historical Review, Elements of an Electronic Communication System, Communication Channel and their Characteristics, Mathematical Models for Communication Channels.

Frequency Domain Analysis of Signals and Systems: The Fourier Transform, Properties of the Fourier Transform, Rayleigh's Energy Theorem, the inverse relationship between time and frequency, Dirac Delta Function, Fourier transform of Periodic signals, transformation of signals through Linear systems, Paley-Wiener Criterion, Hilbert transform, Band Pass signals, Transmission of Band Pass signals, Phase and group delay.

Analog Signals Transmission and Reception: Introduction, Amplitude Modulation, Double side Band Suppressed carrier Amplitude Modulation, Single side band Amplitude Modulation, Vestigial side band Modulation, Implementation of AM Modulators and De-Modulators, Frequency division Multiplexing, Analog Modulation, representation of FM and PM signals, Spectral Characteristic of Analog Modulated Signals, Implementation of Angle Modulators and De-Modulators, AM Radio Broadcasting, FM Radio Broadcasting

Effect of Noise on Analog communication System: White noise, shot noise, thermal noise, noise equivalent bandwidth, Effect of Noise on AM, Effect of Noise on DSB-SCAM, Effect of Noise on SSBAM, Carrier Phase Estimation with Phase Locked loop, Effect of Noise on Angle Modulation, Threshold Effect in Angle Modulation, Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis in FM.

Recommended Books:

- Communication Systems, Simon Haykin, John Wiley & Sons
- Communication Systems Engineering, Proakis & Salehi, Pearson Education
- Radio Engineering, G.K. Mithal
- Electronic Communication, Roody & Coolen
- Electronic Communication, Kennedy

Microprocessor & Systems

ECL 2060

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Introduction to 8085 Microprocessor: Functional block diagram – Registers, ALU, Bus systems, Memory & Instruction cycles Timing diagrams, Address Decoding techniques, Addressing modes, Instruction Set, Assembly Language Programming, Interrupts-Types & handling, ISR, Stack architecture

Memory and Peripheral interfacing: Basic interfacing concepts - Memory space partitioning - Buffering of buses – Timing constraints - Memory control signals - Read and write cycles, Interfacing RAM, ROM, 8255PPI, Interfacing applications using 8255. Need for direct memory access - DMA transfer types

Intel 16 bit Microprocessor: Register organization of 8086 – Architecture - Physical Memory organization - I/O addressing capability, Addressing modes of 8086 - Instruction set of 8086 - Assembler directives and operators, Assembly language programming, Interrupt Architecture

Freescale 32 bit ColdFire Processor:-Introduction to ColdFire Core, Comparison with 8085 & 8086 Architecture, Introduction to MCF5223X Microprocessor Architecture & Functional Blocks

Recommended Books:

- Gaonkar R. S, "Microprocessor Architecture: Programming and Applications with the 8085/8086A", New Age International (P) Ltd.,
- K. Ray, K. M. Bhurchandi – Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals – Architecture, Programming and Interface – Tata McGraw Hill
- "ColdFire Microprocessors & Microcontrollers" – MunirBannoura, Rudan Bettelheim and Richard Soja, AMT Publishing.
- Douglas V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing Programming and Hardware", Tata McGraw Hill,
- Daniel Tabak, "Advanced Microprocessors", McGraw Hill,
- David A. Patterson, John.L.Hennessey – Computer organization and design-the hardware/software Interface- Elsevier-Morgan Kaufmann Publishers-

Digital System Design using VHDL

ECL 2071

4-0-0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To understand and develop complex digital circuits and system functions based on algorithms.
CO2	To represent complex digital circuits in the form of the hierarchically organized VHDL design/simulation software tools.
CO3	To develop VHDL architectural representations of systems and components using models representing structure, behavior, or data flow concepts describing the internal structure or external behavior of the circuit.
CO4	To develop final technical documentation of a complex digital system using VHDL language descriptions, and their implementations on CPLD and FPGA.

Review: Review of concepts of combinational and Sequential logic circuit design, design of digital systems with help of state machine charts and their realization through Gates, Multiplexers and other discrete digital ICs.

Synchronous and Asynchronous Sequential circuits

Sequential Circuits: Synchronous sequential circuits and finite state machines (FSM); Mealy machine; Moore machine; State table; State diagram; Synchronous Sequential circuit analysis; System design; State minimization; State assignment; ROM implementation; Asynchronous sequential circuits, Threshold functions , Hazards, Pulse Mode Circuits.

Introduction to VHDL: Basic language elements & behavioral modeling, Data flow modeling – structural, Generics and configurations - Subprogram and overloading – Packages and Libraries – Model simulation.

Design of Hardware using VHDL as examples – code converters, multiplexer, de-multiplexer, binary adders and multipliers, counters. Design of sequential circuits using VHDL, counters, shift registers

Basics of FPGA, CPLD and programmable devices in general. FPGA programming, design and implementation of digital system, ASIC design using CAD tools. Overview of ASM's realization through PLDs and design of FSM / simple microprocessor through Algorithmic State Machine concept.

Recommended Books:

- Daniel Gajski: Principles of Digital Design
- Bhasker: A VHDL Primer
- Pedroni: Circuit Design with VHDL
- Perry: VHDL: Programming by examples
- Palnitkar: Verilog HDL,

Antenna & Wave Propagation

ECL 2041

3 – 0 – 0 =3

Course Outcomes

CO1	Students would be able to understand the basic operation of e.m. wave based application.
CO2	Students should be able to design and analyze various types of antenna.
CO3	Students should be able to understand the different propagation modes of EM wave.
CO4	Students would be able to find suitability of antennas for different applications.
CO5	To understand the different types of antennas and their applications

Unit I: Antenna Fundamentals

Radiation pattern, Antenna gain, Effective joint of an antenna, Antenna aperture, relation between antenna gain and antenna aperture, elementary idea of self and mutual impedances in antenna, Antenna terminal impedance, reciprocity theorem of an antenna.

Unit II: Antenna arrays

Arrays of two point source, linear arrays of n-point sources, broad side and End fire arrays, Pattern multiplication Binomial arrays.

Unit III: Special purpose antennas

Loop antenna traveling wave antenna, Rhombic antenna, Yagi antenna, Horn and reflector type antennas, Helix antenna, and Lens antenna, Log Periodic antenna, Microstrip patch antenna

Unit IV: Ground wave propagation

Introduction to different region of the atmosphere. Various propagation paths, Basic ideas of ground wave propagation, space wave and surface wave, True Tropospheric refraction, radius of curvature of a ray in the troposphere. Concept of modified earth, Duct propagation.

Unit V: Sky wave propagation

Structure of the ionosphere, effective permittivity & conductivity of an ionized region. Effect of earth magnetic field. Critical frequency. MUF and OPWF. Virtual height, skip distance fading.

Recommended Books:

- Fields & Wave Electromagnetics , DK Cheng
- Fields & Wave in Communication Electronics, RamoWhinnery&Duzer
- Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems, Jordan & Balmin
- Antenna Theory: Analysis & Design, A. Balanis
- Elements of Electromagnetics, Sadiku
- Antenna & Wave Propagation, K.D. Prasad

Digital Communication

ECL 2152

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	Understand the theoretical aspects of digital communication system, useful for today's multidisciplinary applications.
CO2	Learn the elements of digital communications systems, fundamental concepts of sampling theorem, quantization and coding.
CO3	Understand the different types of digital pulse and band pass modulation techniques.
CO4	Able to calculate probability of error for method filter Receiver and various Digital
CO5	Modulation techniques to analyze the performance of Digital Communications Systems in the presence of noise.
CO6	Able to do the source coding problems and understand the compact description of sources.
CO7	Able to solve the various channel coding problems and analyze the performance of various coding techniques.

Introduction: A historical perspective in the development of Digital Communication, elements of a digital communication system, analog versus digital communication system.

Pulse modulation: Introduction, sampling process, pulse amplitude modulation, TDM, PPM, PDM, bandwidth-noise trade-off, quantization process, PCM, DPCM, DM, Adaptive DPCM, sub-band coding, linear predictive coding.

Base band pulse transmission: Introduction, matched filter, error rate due to noise, inter symbol interference, Nyquist's criterion for distortion less base band binary transmission, correlative level coding.

Digital pass-band transmission: Introduction, pass band transmission model, Gram Schmidt orthogonalization procedure, geometric representation of signals, response of bank of correlators, to noisy input, coherent detection of signals in noise, probability of error, correlation receiver, detection of signals with unknown phase, hierarchy of digital modulation techniques, coherent binary PSK, coherent binary FSK, coherent QPSK, coherent minimum shift keying, differential phase shift keying, comparison of binary & quaternary modulation schemes, M-ary modulation techniques, power spectra, bandwidth efficiency, synchronization.

Source coding: Mathematical models of information sources, a logarithmic measure of information, source coding theorem, source coding algorithms- the Huffman source coding algorithm & the LEMEPel-Ziv source coding.

Channel capacity & coding: Modeling of communication channels, channel capacity, bounds on communication, coding for reliable communication, linear block codes, cyclic codes, convolutional codes.

Recommended Books::

- Digital communication, Simon Hykins, John Wiley & Sons
- Digital communication, John G Proakis, McGraw Hill

- Fundamental of Telecommunications, R G Freeman , John Wiley
- Telecommunications Systems Engineering , R G Freeman, John Wiley
- Telecommunication Transmissions Systems, R G Winch, McGraw-Hill
- Electronic Communication Systems, W Tomasi, PHI

Control Systems

ECL 3090

4-0-0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

1. Introduction to Feedback Control System

Mathematical models of physical system , Open loop and closed loop systems, regenerative feedback, Transfer function, Block diagrams and reduction techniques including signal flow graphics, deriving transfer function of physical system one mechanical system and field controlled and armature controlled DC servo motors.

2. Time Response Analysis

Standard test signals, time response of second order system, steady state errors and error constants, design specifications of second order system.

3. Stability Analysis

Concept of stability, condition of stability, characteristic equation, relative stability, Routh-Hurwitz criterion, special cases for determining relative stability, Nyquist stability criterion, Nyquist plots

4. Root Locus Techniques.

Basic concept, rules of root locus, application of root locus technique for control systems.

5. Frequency Response Analysis

Bode plots, gain margin, phase margin, effect of addition of poles and zeros on bode-plots.

6. Compensators.

Preliminary design considerations, need of compensation, lead compensations, lag-compensation, lag-lead compensation.

7. Analysis of Control Systems in State – Space

Basic concepts of state, state variable and state models, transfer matrix, Controllability, absorbability, obtaining state space equations in canonical form.

8. Discrete control system: Z Transform and its properties, Basic structure of Digital Control systems, Description and analysis of Sampled-Data system, Stability analysis of Discrete-time systems

Recommended Books:

- Control System Engineering -- I.J. Nagrath, M.Gopal (Wiley Eastern)
- Feedback Control Systems -- (Schaum's Series book)
- Modern Control System -- Dorf, Bishop (Addison – Wesley Publication)
- Modern Control Engg.(II edition) – Katsuhiko Ogata
- Automatic Control Engg.(II edition)-Kuo

Signal Processing & Linear Systems

ECL 3180

3 – 1 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn the basics of signal and systems.
CO2	Able to learn convolution property of the LTI systems.
CO3	To learn the Laplace and Z transforms
CO4	To study the direct form I and II.
CO5	To learn the DTFT and DFT theories.

Probability, Random Variables and Random Signals

Experiment, sample space, event, probability, conditional probability and statistical independence. Random variables: Continuous and Discrete random variables, cumulative distributive function, Probability density function, properties of CDF and PDF, Central Limit Theorem. Statistical averages, mean, moments and expectations, standard deviation and variance. Probability models: Uniform, Gaussian, Poisson.

Introduction to Signals and Systems (CT & DT)

Fundamentals of signals, Elementary signals, Continuous-time and discrete-time (CT and DT) signals and systems. Classification of signals. Energy and power signals. Operating on signals to produce new signals. Sinusoids, complex exponentials, step and impulse functions. Classification of systems (linearity, time-invariance, causality, memory, invertibility).

Properties of Linear, Time-Invariant Systems

Convolution, Impulse response and superposition integral or sum for linear, time-invariant (LTI) systems. LTIsystems characterized by differential or difference equations using time & transform methods, frequency response of LTI Systems.

Structures For Discrete-time Systems: Block diagram representation of linear constant coefficient difference equations - their interconnection schemes; direct form-I, direct form-II, cascade form and parallel form structures. Finite word-length effect-number representation, analysis of effect of coefficient quantization and rounding of noise; zero input limit cycles in fixed-point realizations of IIR digital filters.

Fourier Transform (Discrete): DTFT & DFT and properties of DFT; circular convolution; linear convolution using DFT.

Recommended Books:

- Signals and Systems, S. Haykin and B. Van Veen, New York: John Wiley and Sons,
- Signals and Systems, M. J. Roberts, McGraw-Hill,
- Signals and Systems, A. V. Oppenheim, A. S. Willsky, and S. H. Nawab, Prentice-Hall
- Signals, Systems and Transformations, C. L. Phillips and J. M. Parr, Prentice-Hall
- Fundamentals of Signals and Systems using MATLAB, E. W. Kamen and B. S. Heck, Prentice-Hall
- Signal Processing and Linear Systems, B. P. Lathi, BerkeleyCambridge Press, ISBN 0-941413-35-7, 1998.

Microprocessor& Interfacing

ECL 3061

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Introduction to 8085 Microprocessor: Functional block diagram – Registers, ALU, Bus systems, Memory & Instruction cycles Timing diagrams, Address Decoding techniques, Addressing modes, Instruction Set, Assembly Language Programming, Interrupts-Types & handling, ISR, Stack architecture

Memory and Peripheral interfacing: Basic interfacing concepts - Memory space partitioning - Buffering of buses – Timing constraints - Memory control signals - Read and write cycles, Interfacing RAM, ROM, 8255PPI, Interfacing applications using 8255. Need for direct memory access - DMA transfer types

Intel 16 bit Microprocessor: Register organization of 8086 – Architecture – Physical Memory organization - I/O addressing capability, Addressing modes of 8086 - Instruction set of 8086 - Assembler directives and operators, Assembly language programming, Interrupt Architecture

Recommended Books:

- Gaonkar R. S, "Microprocessor Architecture: Programming and Applications with the 8085/8086A", New Age International (P) Ltd.,
- K. Ray, K. M. Bhurchandi – Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals – Architecture, Programming and Interface – Tata McGraw Hill
- Douglas V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing Programming and Hardware", Tata McGraw Hill
- Daniel Tabak, "Advanced Microprocessors", McGraw Hill
- David A. Patterson, John.L.Hennessey – Computer organization and design-the hardware/software Interface- Elsevier-Morgan Kaufmann Publishers-

Embedded Systems & Microcontrollers

ECL 3080

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	To study the Issues and Challenges in Embedded System Design.
CO2	To study the architectures of RISC and CISC processors.
CO3	Able to understand the concept of Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C) Interface, Interrupts, Analog-to-Digital Converter and Controller Area Network (CAN).
CO4	Able to do programming using Kiel µVision IDE & Simulator.
CO5	To apply the knowledge for embedded system applications using Keyboards, display, Relays etc.

Introduction: Introduction to Embedded Computing, Issues and Challenges in Embedded System Design, Trends: SoC, custom designed chips, configurable processors and multi-core processors.

Embedded Processor Architecture (Intel 8051 Platform-8 bit):Harvard Architecture, RISC v/s CISC, µProcessor v/s µController, CPU Architecture and instruction sets : Hardware architecture-program memory consideration – register file structure and addressing modes – CPU Register – instruction set – Port architecture, Timer/Counter Block Configuration & Interrupts, Serial Port Configuration & Interrupts, External interrupts

Embedded Processor Architecture (Freescale S12X Platform-16 bit): Introduction to the S12 and S12X Microcontroller, Core Architecture, Clock Generation & Resets, Port Architecture, Timer functions, Serial Communication Interface (SCI), Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI), Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) Interface, Interrupts, Analog-to-Digital Converter, Controller Area Network (CAN), Internal Memory Configuration and External Memory Expansion

Development tools and Programming: Hardware and Software Development Tools, C Language Programming, Kiel µVision IDE & Simulator, CodeWarrior tools – Project IDE, Compiler, Assembler and debugger, JTAG and hardware debuggers, Code optimization.

Embedded Applications & Interfacing: Embedded System Applications using Keyboards, display, Relays, Motors, Sensor Interface, ADC, DAC, SCI, SPI, RTC, I²C, Interrupts with 8051 & S12X

Recommended Books:

- Mazidi, "8051 Microcontrollers & Embedded systems", Pearson
- John B Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontrollers", Pearson Education Asia, Low price edition
- The HCS12/9S12, An Introduction to Hardware and Software Interfacing By Han-Way Huang
- A.K. Ray, K.M. Bhurchandi, "Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals – Architecture, Programming and Interface", Tata McGrawHill
- MykePredko, "Programming and Customizing the 8051 Microcontroller", Tata McGrawHill
- Assembly and C Programming for the Freescale HCS12 Microcontroller Second Edition by Fredrick M. Cady
- Embedded Microcomputer Systems: Real Time Interfacing by Jonathan W. Valvano

Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation

ECL 3091

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	To understand Basic concept of measurement and error analysis
CO2	To Learn about some basic analog and digital instruments
CO3	To understand the basic concept of bridge measurement and CRO
CO4	To acquire knowledge about Transducers and signal conditioners
CO5	To Learn the design concept of data acquisition systems

Unit I: Measurement and error

Accuracy and precision, sensitivity, resolution, Types of errors, Limiting errors, calibration and standards.

Unit II: Analog Instruments

PMMC, DC Ammeter, DC Voltmeter, Ohm Meter, Electronic Voltmeter, Unit I AC Voltmeter with rectifier and amplifier combination, Electronic Multimeter, AC current indicating instruments, Q Meters, Wave Analysers, Harmonic Distortion Analyser, Spectrum Analyser, Vector Impedance Meter,

Unit Bridge Measurement

Wheatstone bridge, Kelvin bridge, Maxwell's Bridge, Schering Bridge, Wiens bridge, LCR Measurement.

Unit III: Digital Instruments

Advantages of digital instruments over analog instruments, Digital voltmeters, Ramp type DVM, Integrating DVM, successive approximation DVM, Dual Slope DVM, Microprocessor Based DVM,

Unit IV: CRO

Basic block diagram, Horizontal deflection system, Vertical Deflection system, Special Purpose CRO: Dual beam, dual trace, sampling type, Digital storage, Storage target.,

Unit V: Transducers

Classifications of Transducers, Strain Gauge, Displacement Transducers, Linear variable differential transducers (LVDT), Photoelectric transducers, Temperature measurements, Thermocouples, Photosensitive device, Piezo electric transducer, Measurement of Non-electrical Quantities like Temperature, Pressure, Flow, pH, Thermal Conductivity, Humidity.

Unit VI: Signal Conditioning

Introduction, Basic Instrumentation Amplifier, Application of Instrumentation amplifiers, Modulators.

V/I Controllers, I/V Controllers, F/V Controllers, V/F Controllers, Linearization Technique, Noise Reduction technique in Instrumentation, Isolation Amplifier, Isolation Transformer.

Unit VII: Data Acquisition Systems

Introduction, objective, single channel data acquisition, multi channel data acquisition, computer based DAS, Data loggers. Analog and Digital Recorders, Introduction to various process control systems like SCADA, DCS, CCU etc.

Recommended Books::

- Modern Electric Instrumentation, Albert D. Cooper, PHI.
- Electronic Instrumentation, H S Kalsi, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- A Course in Electrical and Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation, A.K Sahwney
- Electronics and Electrical Measurement, G B Gupta, Kataria & Sons Publication

Signal Processing

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Probability, Random Variables and Random Signals

Review of probability theory, Random variables CDF, PDF, properties of CDF and PDF, Central Limit Theorem. Statistical averages, mean, moments and expectations, standard deviation and variance. Probability models: Uniform, Gaussian, Poisson.

Introduction to Signals and Systems

Fundamentals of signals, Elementary signals, Classification of Signals and Systems (Continuous-time and discrete-time (CT and DT). Basic operations on Signals.

Properties of Linear, Time-Invariant Systems

Convolution, Impulse response and superposition integral or sum for linear, time-invariant (LTI) systems. LTI systems characterized by differential or difference equations, Correlation.

Structures For Discrete-time Systems: Block diagram representation of linear constant coefficient difference equations - their interconnection schemes; direct form-I, direct form-II, cascade form and parallel form structures. Finite word-length effect-number representation, analysis of effect of coefficient quantization and rounding of noise; zero input limit cycles in fixed-point realizations of IIR digital filters.

Fourier Transform (Discrete): DTFT & DFT and properties of DFT; circular convolution; linear convolution using DFT.

Z- Transform: Bilateral and Unilateral Z-transform, ROC, Inversion of Z-transform, Solution of Discrete Time LTI systems using Z-transform.

Recommended Books:

- Linear Systems And Signals, B. P. Lathi, [Oxford University Press](#)
- Signals and Systems, A. V. Oppenheim, A. S. Willsky, and S. H. Nawab, Prentice-Hall
- Probability, Statistics And Random Processes, [T Veerarajan](#), McGraw-Hill
- Signals And Systems, M. J. Roberts, McGraw-Hill,
- Fundamentals of Signals and Systems using MATLAB, E. W. Kamen and B. S. Heck, Prentice-Hall

Real Time Digital Signal Processing**Course Outcomes**

CO1	Knowledge of digital filters and their application .
CO2	Understand how FIR and IIR type digital filters: may be designed and implanted in software.
CO3	Understand analogue/digital conversion as required for the digital processing of analogue signals.
CO4	Understand the discrete Fourier transform (DFT), its applications and its implementation by FFT techniques.
CO5	Have an appreciation for the applications of DSP in Real-Time.

Efficient Computation of DFT: Computational complexity; FFT algorithms - the decimation-in-time and decimation-in-frequency; signal flow graph-Butterfly computations, in-place computations; analysis of computational complexity.

Filter Design Techniques: Characteristics of practical frequency selective filter; design of FIR filters by windowing. Characteristics of Butterworth & Chebyshev filters-frequency transformation; design of IIR filters from continuous-time filters-Impulse invariance & bilinear transformation methods.

Introduction of DSP Processors: Review of need for DSP Processors, MAC, Modified Bus Structures, Memory access schemes, Harvard, VLIW architecture, On-chip peripherals, Addressing modes, Concept of Pipelining. Issues of Real Time DSP applications, Fixed point and Floating point Processors.

Introduction to TMS320C55x Fixed point DSP Processor: TMS320C55x Architecture, Interrupts and Interrupt Vector, TMS320C55x Peripherals, External Memory Interface, Direct Memory Access, Multi-Channel Buffered Serial Ports, Clock Generator and Timers, General Purpose Input/output Port, TMS320C55x Addressing Modes, Direct Addressing Modes, Pipeline, Instruction Set, Assembly Language Programming, Assembly Code Generation by C Compiler, Mixed C-and-Assembly Language Programming, Phase-Locked Loop and Timers, Direct Memory Access.

Introduction to Freescale DSP563xx fixed point DSP Processor: Introduction to Freescale DSP563xx family processors, Architecture of Freescale DSP5637, MAC, AGU, PCU, On-chip Memory, Internal Buses, Direct Memory Access, Comparison of features of DSP56300 family processors.

Real Time Applications of DSP: Filtering, Modulation, Audio and Image Processing.

Recommended Books:

- Discrete-time Signal Processing , Oppenheim & Schafer , PHI
- Digital Signal Processing , Proakis&Manolakis, PHI
- Digital Signal Processing , Sanjit K. Mitra

IC Fabrication & VLSI**ECL 3130****4 – 0 – 0 = 4****Course Outcomes**

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Introduction: Overview of the VLSI technologies and ASIC Design Flow, VLSI Circuits and Analog IC Design Fundamentals. Detailed Design flow .

Fundamentals of Semiconductor Fabrication: Cleanroom technology - Clean room concept – Growth of single crystal Si, surface contamination, cleaning & etching. Oxidation – Growth mechanism and kinetic oxidation, oxidation techniques and systems, oxide properties, oxide induced defects, characterisation of oxide films, Use of thermal oxide and CVD oxide; growth and properties of dry and wet oxide, dopant distribution, oxide quality. Solid State Diffusion – Fick's equation, atomic diffusion mechanisms, measurement techniques, diffusion in polysilicon and silicon di-oxide diffusion systems. Ion implantation – Range theory, Equipments, annealing, shallow junction, high energy implementation. Lithography – Optical lithography, Some Advanced lithographic techniques. Physical Vapour Deposition – APCVD, Plasma CVD, MOCVD. Metallisation - Different types of metallisation, uses & desired properties.

CMOS: Introduction to CMOS, CMOS Capabilities and Limitations and CMOS Transistors and Logic . VLSI Circuits Design Theory. Process overview. Transistor device model, Circuit characterization. Technology libraries Overview. Pre-layout parasitics estimation. Post layout simulation techniques. VLSI Circuit Schematics and Simulation EDA Tool Flow.

Recommended Books:

- May G S and Sze S M, "*Fundamentals of Semiconductor Fabrication*", John Wiley & Sons, India.
- Sze S M, "*VLSI Technology*", McGraw Hill International Edition
- Ghandhi S K, "*VLSI fabrication Principles*", John Wiley Inc., New York
- Streetman BG, "*Solid State Electronics Devices*", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi,
- Chang C Y and Sze S (Ed), "*VLSI Technology*", McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.
- Allen, Phillip E. & Holberg, Douglas R. "CMOS Analog Circuit Design" Oxford University Press
- J. Baker "CMOS: Circuit Design, Layout, and Simulation" Wiley IEEE Press
- Neil H. E. Weste, Kamran Eshraghian " Principles of CMOS VLSI Design ", Pearson
 - o Education India
- Kang S.M, Leblebici Y, "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits : Analysis and Design" Tata McGraw Hill
 - o Hill

Microwave Engineering**ECL 3050****3 – 1 – 0 = 4****Course Outcomes**

CO1	Gain knowledge of basic concepts of Microwave Engineering and its applications.
CO2	Gain knowledge about the transmission lines and discuss about rectangular and circular waveguides
CO3	Understand the basic operation, characteristics, parameters, and apply basic concepts for design and analysis of microwave devices and various components such as amplifier and oscillators, microwave filter and mixer, E&H plane Tee, Magic tee, couplers & phase shifters.
CO4	Analyze and design basic microwave devices including solid-state devices, particularly klystrons, magnetron, diode models.
CO5	Become proficient with microwave measurement of power, frequency and VSWR, impedance for the analysis and design of circuits

Unit I: Introduction

Microwave Frequency Range, Characteristics features of microwaves, Microwave Systems.

Unit II: Transmission line and Waveguides

General solution for TEM, TE and TM waves, Rectangular waveguides, Circular Wave guides, Evanescent modes, Dominant modes, Power flow and energy storage in a waveguide, Planar transmission lines, Microstrip, Strip line, slot line, Smith Chart and its applications.

Unit III: Microwave Network and Passive Components

S- Parameters, Scattering Matrices for Some Typical Networks, Microwave cavities, Microwave Hybrid circuits, Waveguide Junctions, Magic Tee, Rat Race Circuits, Directional Couplers, Waveguide bends, Matched Loads, Coupling, Attenuators, Phase shifters.

Unit-IV: Microwave Solid State Devices and Application

Tunnel Diodes, Gunn Effect Diodes, Read Diodes, IMPATT Diodes, TRAPATT Diodes, PIN Diodes.

Unit-IV: Microwave Vacuum Tube Devices

Klystron, Reflex Klystron, Magnetron, TWT

Unit-V: Microwave Measurements

Slotted line arrangement and VSWR meter, Measurement of wave-guide impedance at load port by slotted line, Microwave power measurement, Microwave frequency measurement techniques.

Recommended Books:

- Liao Y.S. —MicrowaveDevices||, PHI
- Collins R.E. Microwave Engine, McGraw Hill.
- Reich J.H. -Microwave Principles, East West Press
- Pozar, D M -Microwave Engineering' John Wiley & Sons
- Gupta, K.C- Microwave Engg: New Age Pub.
- M.L Sisodia and VijayaLaxmi Gupta- Microwave : Introduction to circuits, devices and antennas , New Age publication
- P. A. Rizzy- Microwave Engineering: Passive Circuits: Prentice Hall Int.

Optical Fiber Communication

ECL 4170

3-0-0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn the basic concept of optical fiber
CO2	To acquire knowledge about various losses in optical fiber
CO3	To understand basic design concept of optical sources and detectors
CO4	To learn and analyze the design concept of optical fiber networks
CO5	Able to learn design parameters of Optical Fiber Communication System

Introduction

Introduction to Telecommunications and Fiber Optics, The Evolution of Fiber Optic Systems, Basic Optical Laws and Definitions, Propagation of light inside fiber, Critical-Angle, Numerical-Aperture, Acceptance-Angle ,Cut-off wavelength , V-Number, Mode Field Diameter, Leaky Modes , Single and Multi-Mode Fibers, Fiber Types, Waveguide Equations, Step-Index Fiber Structure, Graded-Index Fiber Structure, Splicing Techniques and Connectors, Elements of an Optical Fiber Transmission Link. Merits and Demerits of Fiber Optics over conventional copper wire systems

Losses and Dispersion

Attenuation, Absorption Losses, Scattering Losses, Bending Losses, Core and Cladding Losses, Total combined Losses.

Dispersion, Group-Delay, Material Dispersion, Waveguide Dispersion, Intermodal Distortion.

Optical Sources and Detectors

Light-Emitting Diodes (LEDs), LED Structures, Characteristics of LEDs, Laser Diodes, Laser Diode Modes and Threshold Conditions, Laser Diode Structures, Characteristics of Laser Diodes, Comparison between LED and Laser Diode.Physical Principles of Photodiodes, PIN Photodetector, Avalanche Photodiodes (APD), Photodetector-Noise, Noise-Sources, Signal-to-Noise Ratio, Comparison of Photodetectors.Optical Receiver.

Optical Fiber Network and its Components

Point-to-Point Links, System Considerations, Link Power Budget, Rise-Time Budget. Single and Multi-Hop Networks, SOA, EDFA, WDM-MUX/DEMUX, Optical-Switches, Couplers, Splitters, Photonic Switching.

Economics and Potential Applications of Optical Fiber Communication Systems

Economics with Optical Fiber Communication Systems, Prospects for Optical Fiber Communication, Fiber-Optic Applications, Applications of Integrated Optics.

Recommended Books:

- Keiser, "Optical fiber communication", Tata McGraw Hill
- John M Senior, "Optical Fiber Communication-Principles and Practice ", Prentice Hall International
- Joseph C Patios, "FiberOptical Communications", PHI
- John Gower, "Optical Communication System", Prentice Hall International
- Sharma, "Fiber Optics in Telecommunication", Tata Mc Graw Hill
- M K Liu, "Principles and applications of optical communication ", Tata Mc Graw Hill

Advance Communication System

EECL 407B

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Unit 1: Basic of Telephone switching System

Communication Network, Circuit switching, Connectionless and connection oriented Packet switching, Message switching, two and three stage switching network, Communication process and layered architecture, ISDN

Unit II: Cellular Concepts

Cellular concepts: Cell structure, frequency reuse, cell splitting, channel assignment, handoff, interference, capacity, power control; Wireless Standards: Overview of 2G and 3G cellular standards. Study of GSM .

Unit III: Multiple access schemes

Introduction to CDMA FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Walsh codes, Variable tree OVFS for CDMA, PN Sequences, Multipath diversity, RAKE Receiver, CDMA Receiver Synchronization

Unit IV: Signal propagation & Fading

Propagation mechanism- reflection, refraction, diffraction and scattering, Multipath and small scale fading- Doppler shift, statistical multipath channel models, narrowband and wideband fading models, power delay profile, average and rms delay spread, coherence bandwidth and coherence time, flat and frequency selective fading, slow and fast fading, average fade duration and level crossing rate

Lab Courses

Basic Electrical Engineering Lab

ECP 1020

0 - 0 - 2 = 1

1. Verification of Kirchoff's Voltage and Current law.
2. Verification of Superposition theorem.
3. Verification of Thevenin's theorem/
4. Verification of Reciprocity theorem.
5. Verification of Maximum power transfer theorem.
6. To study transient response of RC low pass and high-pass filters and find out time constants.
7. To verify voltage, current relationship in series and parallel RLC circuit.
8. Measurement of current in various branches of RLC series -parallel circuit and verification of the same by calculation.
9. Study of voltage -current relationship of a series RLC circuit and obtaining series resonance.
10. Study of three phase A.C circuits with
 - a. Star connected load.
 - b) Delta Connected load.
11. Study of a single phase transformer-Determination of voltage ratio, turns ratio and polarity test.
12. Open -circuits and short -circuit test for a given single phase transformer. Determination of regulation and Efficiency
13. Phasor Diagram and Power factor of LCR circuit

Basic Electronics Lab

ECP 1010

0 - 0 - 2 = 1

1. To study CRO & function generator.
2. To find phase difference on CRO using RC filter.
3. To determine and plot operating characteristics of a PN junction diode.
4. To study the input / output waveform of Half wave rectifier and find its ripple factor and its efficiency.
5. To study the input / output waveform of bridge wave rectifier and find its ripple factor and its efficiency.
6. To study the clipper circuit using PN diode for positive and negative configurations.
7. To study clamper circuits using PN diode and clamper circuits.
8. To study the Zener characteristics and its application as voltage regulator
9. To plot characteristics of transistor in CE / CB configuration
10. To plot drain and transfer characteristics of a JFET.

Circuits & Simulation Lab

ECP 1030

0 - 0 - 2 = 1

1. Design a transistor bias circuit.
2. Study of h-parameters of Transistor
3. Design a two stage RC coupled amplifier-using BJT.
4. Design a bias circuit of FET
5. Design a single stage amplifier using FET.
6. Design a power supply with C filter.
7. Design a voltage regulator.
8. Design a push pull class B amplifier without input and output transformer.
9. Study of Feedback Amplifier
10. Input impedance output impedance of common emitter Amplifier and measurement of gain.
11. Exercises on circuit simulation using PSPICE

Digital Electronics Lab

ECP 2070

0 - 0 - 2 = 1

1. Study of PIN diagram of various ICs & to test the logic gates and verify their truth table.
2. Implementation of Half adder, Full adder & Half subtracter using NAND gates only.
3. Implementation of Boolean functions of three and four variables using 74153 (4:1) Mux.
4. Implementation of De-multiplexer, decoder and encoder.
5. To add two 4 bit binary numbers using 7483.
6. To compare two 4 bit binary number using 7485 (magnitude comparator).
7. To verify the operation of different modes of shift Register using 7495.
8. To design an asynchronous counter of any modulus using JK FF's (7473).
9. To design a synchronous counter of any arbitrary count using 7473.
10. Design of BCD to seven-segment display using logical gates ICs.
11. To study and verification by truth tables of SR, JK, MSJK, D & T flip flops.
12. To design and test non-sequential counter and study of shift registers.

Industrial Electronics Lab

ECP 2020

0 - 0 - 2 = 1

1. To study working and operating characteristics of D.C. machines.
2. To study working and operating characteristics of induction motors (Squirrel cage and Phase wound)
3. To study working, find the voltage regulation and efficiency of an alternator.
4. To find the static characteristics of an SCR and its operation as Half Wave Rectifier
5. Single Phase Full Wave Bridge Rectifier with DC motor as load
6. To Study SCR Firing Circuits.
7. To study working of Step Up and Step Down Chopper.
8. To study AC voltage regulation using anti parallel SCRs and Triac
9. To study operation of H-Bridge Inverter circuit with an AC motor as load.
10. To study Microprocessor based phase angle control of thyristors.

Electrical & Electronics Lab

ECP 1021

0 - 0 - 2 = 1

- Introduction to various T&M equipment in Lab including Power Supplies, Function Generators & CRO's
14. To study & Verify Kirchhoff's Voltage Law, Superposition Theorem & Thevenin's Theorem.
 15. To study transient response of RC low pass and high-pass filters and find out time constants.
 16. To verify voltage, current relationship in series and parallel RLC circuit.
 17. Study of voltage -current relationship of a series & parallel RLC circuit and obtaining series resonance.
 18. To determine and plot operating characteristics of a PN junction diode.
 19. To study the input / output waveform of Half wave rectifier & bridge rectifier and find its ripple factor and its efficiency.
 20. To study the Clipper & Clamper circuit using PN diode
 21. To study the Zener characteristics and its application as voltage regulator
 22. To plot characteristics of transistor in CE / CB configuration
 23. To plot drain and transfer characteristics of a JFET.

Programming in MATLAB

ECP 1200

0-0-2=1

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Introduction: Introduction to Matlab, Workspace, Windows, and Help, Scalar Mathematics, Basic Mathematical Functions, Computational Limitations, Display Options, Accuracy and Precision.

File Management: Definitions and Commands Saving and Restoring Matlab Information, Script M-Files, Errors and Debugging, Matlab Search Path, Path Management, and Startup.

Trigonometry And Complex Numbers: Trigonometry, Complex Numbers, Two-Dimensional Plotting.

Arrays And Array Operations: Vector Array, Matrix Array, Array Plotting Capabilities.

Mathematical Functions And Applications: Signal Representation, Processing, and Plotting, Polynomials, Partial Fraction Expansion, Functions of Two Variables, User-Defined Functions, Plotting Functions.

Data Analysis: Maximum and Minimum, Sums and Products, Statistical Analysis, Random Number Generation.

Selection Programming: Relational and Logical Operators, Flow Control, Loops, Selection Statements in User-Defined Functions, Update Processes.

Vectors, Matrices And Linear Algebra: Vectors, Matrices, Solutions to Systems of Linear Equations.

Integration And Differentiation: Numerical Integration, Numerical Differentiation.

Symbolic Processing: Symbolic Expressions and Algebra, Manipulating Trigonometric Expressions, Evaluating and Plotting Symbolic Expressions, Solving Algebraic and Transcendental Equations, Calculus, Linear Algebra.

SIMULINK: Building basic models using SIMULINK.

1. Analysis of circuits and networks using MATLAB and SIMULINK.

Electronics Workshop

ECP 2201

0 – 0 – 2 = 1

1. Identification of Components
2. Using Multi-meter for tracing existing circuits
3. Soldering & De-soldering of Components
4. Design, Simulation, PCB Design & Fabrication, Component Soldering & Testing of DC Regulated Power Supply circuit or Similar

Linear Integrated Circuits Lab

ECP 2030

0 – 0 – 2 = 1

1. To study and verify the op-amp parameters including Offset voltage, CMRR & Slew-Rate
2. To study and verify the Op-amp as an Inverting & Non-Inverting amplifier.
3. To study and verify the application of an Op-amp as a Differentiator & Integrator.
4. To study and verify the application of an Op-amp as a Comparator, Schmitt Trigger, Peak Detector, Zero crossing detector.
5. To study and verify the application of an Op-amp as a Clipper & Clamper.
6. To study and verify the application of an Op-amp as a Precision Rectifier.
7. To study and verify the application of an Op-amp as a Voltage-to-Current / Current-to-Voltage Converter.
8. To study and verify the application of an Op-amp as an AstableMultivibrator / MonostableMultivibrator using IC 555 timer.
9. To study and verify Phased Lock Loop(PLL)
10. To study the performance of a 3 pin fixed voltage regulator and a 3 pin variable Voltage regulator.
11. To study the working of Op-amp based filters.
12. To study and verify the application of op-amp as Wave-form generator
13. To study and verify the application of op-amp as log / anti-log amplifier.
14. To study and verify the application of op-amp as A/D & D/A convertor

Analog Communication Laboratory

ECP 2151

0 – 0 – 2 = 1

1. To study and calculate the modulation index of AM wave
2. To study the demodulation of AM wave and find out modulation frequency
3. To study and observe frequency modulation
4. Study of various FM receivers
5. Study of modulation and detection of single side band modulation.
6. To find the selectivity & sensitivity of the AM receiver
7. To find and plot the fidelity of the AM receiver.
8. Study of various AM receivers
9. To study the sample and hold process.
10. To study PAM and its demodulation
11. To study PWM and its demodulation
12. Study of 3 –band superhetrodyne receiver.
13. Noise power spectral density measurement

Digital Electronics Fundamentals Lab

ECP 2072

0 – 0 – 2 = 1

1. Study of PIN diagram of various ICs & to test the logic gates and verify their truth table.
2. Implementation of Half adder, Full adder & Half subtracter using NAND gates only.
3. Implementation of Boolean functions of three and four variables using 74153 (4:1) Mux.
4. Implementation of Demultiplexer, decoder and encoder.
5. To add two 4 bit binary numbers using 7483.
6. To compare two 4 bit binary number using 7485 (magnitude comparator).
7. To verify the operation of different modes of shift Register using 7495.
8. To design an asynchronous counter of any modulus using JK FF's (7473).
9. To design a synchronous counter of any arbitrary count using 7473.
10. To study and verification by truth tables of SR, JK, MSJK, D & T flip flops.
11. To design and test non-sequential counter and study of shift registers.

Microprocessor & Interfacing Lab

ECP 3061

0 – 0 – 3 = 1

25-30 Programs in 8085 & 8086 Assembly Language including Interfacing problems(using 8255PPI) to interface to LEDs, Switches, ADC, Stepper Motor, LDR etc.

Digital Design & VHDL Lab**ECP 2071**
2 = 1**0 – 0 –**

Design of Simple combinational logic circuits like Adders, Subtractors, Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, Encoders, Decoders, Latches, Comparators,
 Design of Flip-Flops, Counters, Registers, Shift Registers,
 Design of ALU
 Design of State Diagrams for Digital System Design
 Design of 7 segment Driver circuit, Motor Drive, Traffic Light Control, Vending Machine
 Implementation of Circuits on Spartan 3E/ Virtex-II boards

Embedded Systems & Microcontrollers Lab**ECP 3080****0 – 0 – 2 = 1**

At least 25 practical based on the 8051 Microcontroller & S12X (Assembly Language, Embedded C, Interface of Keys, LED Matrix, ADC, DAC, Stepper Motor, SPI Protocol based interface)

Digital Communication Engg.Lab**ECP 2152****0 – 0 – 2 = 1**

1. Study of Sample and hold circuit
2. Generation & detection of PAM / PWM / PPM
3. Generation & detection of ASK / FSK / PSK / APSK
4. Generation & detection of PCM, ADPCM, DM
5. Power spectrum analysis of various modulation techniques
6. Study of framing & marker with voice coding kit
7. Data conditioning & Carrier modulation kit
8. Data Re-conditioning & carrier de-modulation

Instrumentation & Control Lab**ECP 3090****0 – 0 – 2 = 1**

Note: Five practical from each section to be performed

Measurement & Instrumentation Practicals

1. To measure the harmonic distortion in output of function generator.
2. To measure strain using strain simulators.
3. Measurement of temperature with various types of sensors.
4. Measurement of Linear displacement using LVDT.
5. Measurement of frequency and phase of input signal in CRO using Lissajous pattern
6. Study of various transducers for measurement of common physical parameters like pH, conductivity, pressure, flow whichever possible

Control Systems Practicals

1. Transient response of second order system comprising of R,L,C to find maximum overshoot, rise time, settling time, damping factors/ratio, natural undamped frequency.
 2. Frequency response of first and second order system comprising RL, RLC. Draw Nyquist and Bode plots.
 3. Transient response of first order, second order and higher order pneumatic servo system
 4. Transient response of first order, second order and higher order hydraulic system
 5. To find torque speed, torque voltage characteristics of servomotor and determine its transfer function.
 6. Study of synchronous transmitter, receiver and control transfer.
 7. To simulate a second and higher order system on analog simulator and find its transient response to step, ramp and other input functions.
 8. Study of open and closed loop servo system loop comprising of error detector, amplifier and a motor cum load with feedback.
- Study of phase lag and phase lead networks.

Digital Signal Processing Lab**ECP 3181****0 – 0 – 2 = 1****Using MATLAB**

1. Representation of time-series; computation of convolution
2. Response of a difference equation to initial conditions; stability
3. DFT computation
4. Computational experiments with digital filtering

Using DSP processor

5. Sampling & Waveform generation
6. FIR & IIR Filters Implementation
7. Fast Fourier transforms
8. Quantization Noise
9. Adaptive Filters
10. Multirate Signal Processing

VLSI Laboratory**ECP 3130****0 – 0 – 2 = 1**

1. Introduction to VLSI software.
2. Study of Digital Design Flow.

3. Study of Analog Design Flow.
 4. To design and simulate CMOS inverter on EDA tool.
 5. To study layout design of CMOS inverter.
 6. To study post layout simulation of CMOS inverter.
 7. To implement a complete circuit on EDA Tool right from simulation to generation of GDS-II file.
- Project I: To design and simulate a project utilizing a complete EDA tool package.
- Instructor are suggested to make student aware of Digital and Analog Design flows on the given EDA Tools.

Microwave Engineering Lab

ECP 3050

0 – 0 – 2 = 1

1. To plot the characteristics of Reflex Klystron.
2. To plot the characteristics of Gunn Diode
3. To measure the Low, Medium & High VSWR of rectangular wave guide terminated with unknown load.
4. To determine the attenuation due to component under test
5. To study the isolater and circulator
6. To measure the input impedance of unknown load with the help of slotted line section
7. To draw the radiation pattern of HORN Antenna.
8. To verify the E-plane and H-Plane Tee.
9. To verify the Magic Tee.
10. To find the directivity and coupling factor of two hole directional coupler.
11. To measure dielectric constant of material
12. To study the phase shifter
13. To find the directivity, isolation , main line insertion loss and coupling factor of directional coupler

Optical fiber CommunicationLab

ECP 4170

0-0-2 = 1

1. To Study and Verify Optical Communication Analog Link.
2. To Study and Verify Optical Communication Digital Link
3. Measurement of Numerical Aperture.
4. Measurement of Characteristics of Light-Emitting Diodes (LEDs).
5. Measurement of Characteristics of Laser Diodes.
6. To Study and Verify FDM & TDM.
7. To Study and Verify OTDM
8. Measurement of Bending Losses
9. Measurement with OTDR
10. To Study and Analyse Various Connectors and Splicing Mechanisms.
11. To Study ISDN Communication System (with sub-practicals)
12. To study EPABX System (with sub-practicals)
13. To Study Key Matrix (with sub-practicals)
14. To study DTMF (with sub-practicals)

Major Project

ECD4992

12

Credits

The same student team continues working as per work plan of Phase-I. Design of PCB, procurement of components is to be carried out. Acceptance tests for hardware and software are to be carried out vis-à-vis specifications from Phase-I. Functioning product is displayed at an Open House. Professional quality documentation of all designs, data, drawings, and results, change history, overall assessment, etc. is mandatory, along with a final presentation.

Digital Integrated Circuits

EECE 404B

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Unit-I

MOS Inverter: Introduction to resistive - load inverter, inverter with n-type MOSFET load, CMOS inverter
Switching Characteristics and Interconnects Effects: Introduction, Delay time definitions, Calculation of delay

times, Inverter design with delay constraints, MOS Inverters: Switching Characteristics & Interconnect Effects. Estimation of interconnect parasitic.

Unit-II

Sequential MOS Logic Circuits: Introduction, SR latch circuits, Clocked latch and Flip-flop circuits, CMOS D-latch and edge -triggered flip-flop. Dynamic MOS Logic Circuit

Unit-III

Semiconductor Memories: Introduction, Dynamic random access memory (DRAM), Static random access memory (SRAM), Non-volatile memory.

Low Power CMOS Logic Circuits: Introduction, Overview of power consumption, Switching power dissipation

CMOS inverter, Estimation and optimization of switching activity.

Recommended Books:

1. Rabaey J.M, Chandrakasan A, Nikolic B, "Digital Integrated Circuits- A Design Perspective", Prentice Hall
2. S M Kang and Y Lebici, "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits-analysis and design", McGraw Hill.
3. Pucknell D A and Eshraghian K, "Basic VLSI Design", Prentice Hall India, New Delhi,
4. Glaser L and Dobberpuhl D, "The Design and Analysis of VLSI Circuits", Addison Wesley,
5. Weste N and Eshraghian K, "Principles of CMOS VLSI Design", Pearson Education Asia,

Introduction to Wireless Networks

ECE 3101

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	To basic understanding of concept of data communication and computer networks that will further help to understand the different kind of wireless technologies.
CO2	To provide ability to understand the concept of various multiple access techniques, channel diversity, and fading.
CO3	To acquire knowledge about Wi-Fi, and WPANs technology.
CO4	To develop an interest among student to do research in emerging research area as MANETs & WSN

Unit 1: Review of Computer Networks & Data Communication, Wireless LANs: IEEE 802.11 WLANs - protocol architecture, Physical layer, MAC layer, analysis, deployment of 802.11 infrastructures.

Unit 2: WPANs: IEEE 802.15.4, Bluetooth, ZigBee. Protocol architecture, Physical layer, MAC layer, analysis, deployment of 802.15.4 infrastructure.

Unit 3: Introduction to MANETs; MAC Protocols, Routing Protocols, performance comparison; Quality of Service.

Unit 4: Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs): Overview/Architectures; Data Dissemination/Data Gathering; Routing Protocol, Security, Power control; Cross layer design; Localization.

Recommended Books:

- Rappaport, "Wireless Communications – Principles & Practices", PHI, Latest Edition
- C. Siva Ram Murthy and B. S. Manoj, "Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Architectures and Protocols", Pearson Education, Inc.,
- Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks, John Wiley & Sons,
- Charles E Perkins, "Ad Hoc Networking", Addison Wesley,
- Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Addison Wesley,
- Ramjee Prasad and Luis Munoz, "WLANs and WPANs towards 4G wireless", Artech House,
- Selected papers from IEEE & ACM to be provided by Faculty

Speech Processing

ECE 4191

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

UNIT I: NATURE OF SPEECH SIGNAL

Speech production mechanism, Classification of speech, sounds, nature of speech signal, models of speech production.

Speech signal processing: purpose of speech processing, digital models for speech signal, Digital processing of speech signals, Significance, short time analysis.

UNIT II: TIME DOMAIN METHODS FOR SPEECH PROCESSING

Time domain parameters of speech, methods for extracting the parameters, Zero crossings, Auto correlation function, pitch estimation.

UNIT III: FREQUENCY DOMAIN METHODS FOR SPEECH PROCESSING

Short time Fourier analysis, filter bank analysis, spectrographic analysis, Formant extraction, pitch extraction, Analysis - synthesis systems.

UNIT IV: LINEAR PREDICTIVE CODING OF SPEECH

Formulation of linear prediction problem in time domain, solution of normal equations, Interpretation of linear prediction in auto correlation and spectral domains.

UNIT V: HOMOMORPHIC SPEECH ANALYSIS

Central analysis of speech, format and pitch estimation, Applications of speech processing - Speech recognition, Speech synthesis and speaker verification.

Recommended Books:

1. L.R. Rabiner and R.E. Schafer : Digital processing of speech signals, Prentice Hall, 1978.
2. J.L. Flanagan : Speech Analysis Synthesis and Perception - 2nd Edition - SprengerVerlag, 1972.
3. I.H. Witten : Principles of Computer Speech , Academic press, 1983.

Image and Video Processing

ECE 4192

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

This is a basic undergraduate-level class that covers fundamentals image processing, computer vision, and Multimedia computing. The students will be exposed to dealing with image and video data through programming assignments using Java and Matlab.

1. **Introduction to Multidimensional Signal Processing**
Historical overview, multimedia representations, software tools, authoring tools. Multidimensional Fourier Transform, sampling and Filtering (including decimation and interpolation), Introduction to wavelet transformation
2. **Human Visual Perception**
Human Visual System, visual masking, noise visibility, color vision
3. **Image Scanning and Display**
Acquisition and Display of images (camera, digitizers, Film, printers); sampling and quantization issues
4. **Video Scanning and Display**
Monochrome and Color TV, videoconferencing, videophone
5. **Image Analysis and Enhancement**
Contrast and color adjustment, Noise Reduction, Edge Enhancement, Edge Detection, Texture, Image Segmentation
6. **Image Compression**
Basics for Lossy Compression: Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform. Application to image compression (JPEG compression), VLC coding and Dictionary Codes
7. **Video Compression**
Fundamental concepts of video, Video compression techniques, MPEG video coding, MPEG 4,7, and beyond. Introduction to CA VLC

Recommended Books

- R. Gonzalez and R. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Prentice-Hall
- A. K. Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Prentice Hall,
- W. K. Pratt, Digital Image Processing, Wiley
- A. M. Tekalp, Digital Video Processing, Prentice-Hall,
- M. Ghanbari, Video Coding - an introduction to standard codecs, IEE Telecommunications Series, Burger & M. Burge "Digital Image Processing: An algorithmic introduction using Java", Springer 978-1-84628-379-6
- Z. Li and M. S. Drew, "Fundamentals of Multimedia", Prentice Hall 0-13-061872-1

Multimedia Communication

ECE 4190

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Part I: Overview of Multimedia Processing & Coding

Multimedia Communication: Multimedia information representation. Multimedia Networks, Multimedia applications, Network QoS and application QoS.

Information Representation: text, image, audio and video. text and image compression, compression principles, text compression, image compression. Audio and Video compression Principles

Part II: Multimedia Coding Standards

Video compression standards: H.261, H.263, H.264, MPEG 1, MPEG 2, Other coding formats for text, speech, image and video.

Detailed study of MPEG 4: coding of audiovisual objects, MPEG 4 systems. MPEG 4 audio and video, profile and levels. MPEG 7 standardization process of multimedia content description, MPEG 21 multimedia framework, Significant features of JPEG 2000, MPEG 4 transport across the internet

Part III: Multimedia Networking

Synchronization: notion of synchronization, presentation requirements, reference model for synchronization, Brief Introduction to SMIL: Multimedia operating System, Resource management and process management techniques.

Multimedia communication across networks: Multipoint data conferencing: T.120 Layered video coding, error relevant video coding techniques, multimedia transport across IP networks and relevant products such as RSVP, RTP, RTCP, DVMRP, multimedia in mobile networks, multimedia broadcast networks, and content based retrieval in digital libraries Multicast, Multimedia over ATM

Recommended Books:

1. Ze-Nian Li & Mark S. Drew, "Fundamentals of Multimedia", Pearson Education
2. J.R. Ohm. "Multimedia Communication Technology", Springer International Edition,.
3. K.Sayood. "Introduction to Data Compression", Morgan Kaufman. Indian Edition,
4. V.Bhaskaran and K. Konstantinides. "Image and Video Compression Standards. Algorithms and Architecture." Kluwer publication,
5. Fred Halsall, "Multimedia communication", Pearson Education,
6. K.R. Rao, Zoram S. Bojkovic, Dragorad A. Milovanovic, "Multimedia Communication System", Pearson Education,
7. Raifsteinmetz, klaraNahrstedt. "Multimedia Computing, Communication and Application". Pearson Education,
8. Tay Vaughan. "Multimedia: Making it work". Tata McGraw Hill.
9. John Billamil, louis Molina. "Multimedia: An Introduction". PHI,
10. PallapaVenkataram, Multimedia information System, Pearson Education

Introduction to MEMS Design

ECE 4140

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Module 01

Introduction to MEMS, MEMS and VLSI design, MEMS examples, overview of MEMS fabrication, Special MEMS materials and their properties. Potential of MEMS in Industry.

Module 02

Bulk Micromachining: Isotropic Etching and Anisotropic Etching, Wafer Bonding, High Aspect-Ratio Processes (LIGA)

Module 03

Surface Micromachining: Surface micromachining techniques, Polysilicon surface micromachining, Characterisation of MEMS devices.

Module 04

Introduction to Smart MEMS sensors, Sensor Principles and Examples, Microactuators and examples. Mechanical design of microactuators,

Module 05

Design of MEMS Pressure sensors, Design of silicon accelerometers, Examples of MEMS actuators

Text Books:

1. MEMS and Microsystems Design and Manufacture, Tai-Ran Hsu, Tata McGraw Hill
2. MEMS, Nitaigour Mahalik, Tata McGraw Hill

Recommended Books:

1. Stephen D. Senturia, Microsystem Design, Kluwer Academic Publishers,
2. M-H. Bao, Elsevier, Micromechanical Transducers: Pressure sensors, accelerometers, and gyroscopes, New York

Optoelectronic Devices

ECE 4171

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

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Unit-I

Introduction: Semiconductor materials; Crystal lattices; Bulk Crystal growth, epitaxial growth.

Energy bands and Charge carriers in Semiconductors: direct and indirect semiconductors; variation of

Energy bands with alloy composition. Charge carriers in semi-conductors-electrons, holes, effective mass; intrinsic and extrinsic materials. Drift of carriers in electric and magnetic fields.

Unit-II

Excess carries in Semiconductors: Optical absorption; luminescence - photoluminescence, electroluminescence, electroluminescence. Carrier lifetime and photoconductivity, diffusion of carriers.

P-N Junction Diode: Current-Voltage Characteristics; heterojunctions.

Unit-III

Optoelectronic Devices: Principle of operation and characteristics; Light emitting diodes, lasers, photo detectors, solar cells.

Relevance of III-V and IV-VI material-systems in optoelectronic devices.

Integrated Optics: Optical waveguides-passive, electro-optical; optical modulators and switches; optical storage devices.

Recommended Books:

1. Pallab Bhattacharya, "Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices",
2. Street B G and Banerjee S, "Solid State Electronic Devices", PHI New Delhi,
3. Sze S M, "Physics of Semiconductors Devices", Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi.
4. Wilson and Hawkes, "Optoelectronics; An Introduction", PHI
5. Hummel R E, "Electronic Properties of Materials", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

Object Oriented Programming

ECE 425B

3 - 0 - 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	Define the principles of OOP and the concept of CLASSES
CO2	Recognize the ideology of Procedure Oriented and Object Oriented Programming
CO3	Apply the concepts of OOP and Use CLASSES in basic level programs
CO4	Examine basic level programs for possible outcome and potential errors.

Principles of Object Oriented Programming

The Traditional Approach, Shortcoming of procedure oriented languages, Basic concepts of Object Oriented Programming, Benefits of OOP, Object Oriented Languages

Overview of Programming Basics

Input/Output using cin/cout, processor directives, basic and user defined data types, operators, loops, decision making, control statements, functions, pointers to functions

Classes

Definition, Class objects, Class member functions, Static Class Members, Class Scope, Nested Classes, Local Classes, Composite class, Constructor, Destructor, Friends, *this* Pointer

Operator Overloading

Overloading unary and binary operators, Special operators : Operator [], (), →, ++ and --, << and >>

Inheritance and Polymorphism

Class hierarchy : Definition, Identifying the members of the hierarchy, Base class member access, Base and derived class construction, Member wise initialization and assignment, virtual functions, multiple inheritance, class scope under inheritance, virtual classes.

Templates

Class Templates, Function Templates

Exception Handling

Throwing, The try.....catch block, Exception specifications

Recommended Books:

Object Oriented Programming with C++ ANSI/ISO Standards, R. Subburaj

Advanced Embedded System design

ECE 4082

2-0-2 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Embedded Architecture: Embedded systems Overview, Design Challenge – Optimizing design metrics,

Processor Technology, Embedded system design process- Requirements, Specification, Architectural Design, Designing Hardware and Software Components, System Integration.

Embedded Processor and Computing Platform:Power PC processor- Power architecture and Programming model, Memory management, Interrupts and Exceptions and debugging, Communication Processor module, Interrupt controller, SCC, SMC, FEC, TSEC, UCC, MCC, QMC and Code Warrior Tools.

Networks: Distributed Embedded Architecture- Hardware and Software Architectures, Networks for embedded systems- I2C, CAN Bus, TDM, ATM , Ethernet, HDLC, Wireles Protocols – IrDA, Bluetooth, WI FI, WIMAX, Network-Based design- Communication Analysis, system performance Analysis, Hardware platform design, Allocation and scheduling, Design .**Real-Time Characteristics:** Introduction to RTOS- Special considerations in an RTOS, Clock driven Approach, weighted round robin Approach, Priority driven Approach, Dynamic Versus Static systems, effective release times and deadlines, Optimality of the Earliest deadline first (EDF) algorithm, challenges in validating timing constraints in priority driven systems, Off-line Versus On-line scheduling.

System Design Techniques: Design Methodologies, Requirement Analysis, Specification, System Analysis and Architecture Design, Quality Assurance, Design Example: VOIP phone, Network based Appliance control- Hardware Design and Software Design.

Recommended Books:

1. Wayne Wolf, "Computers as Components: Principles of Embedded Computing System Design", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 2001.
2. Jane.W.S. Liu "Real-Time systems", Pearson Education Asia,
3. C. M. Krishna and K. G. Shin , "Real-Time Systems" ,McGraw-Hill,
4. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargi, "Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction",John Wiley
5. MPC885 PowerQUICC Family Reference by Freescale Semiconductor
6. MPC8323E PowerQUICC II Pro Integrated Communications Processor Reference Manual by Freescale Semiconductor

Satellite Communication

ECE 4160

3-0-0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Unit-I: Basic Principles.

General features, frequency allocation for satellite services, properties of satellite communication systems.

Unit-II: Satellite Orbits

Introduction, Kepler's laws, orbital dynamics, orbital characteristics, satellite spacing and orbital capacity, angle of elevation, eclipses, launching and positioning, satellite drift and station keeping.

Unit-III: Satellite Construction (Space Segment)

Introduction; attitude and orbit control system; telemetry, tracking and command; power systems, communication subsystems, antenna subsystem, equipment reliability and space qualification.

Unit-IV: Satellite Links

Introduction, general link design equation, system noise temperature, uplink design, downlink design, complete link design, effects of rain.

Unit-V: Earth Station

Introduction, earth station subsystem, different types of earth stations.

Unit-VI: The Space Segment Access and Utilization

Introduction, space segment access methods, TDMA, FDMA, CDMA, SDMA, assignment methods.

Unit-VII: The Role and Application of Satellite Communication.

Recommended Books:

1. Timothy Pratt, Charles W. Bostian, Satellite Communications, John Wiley & Sons.
2. Dennis Roddy, Satellite Communications, Mc. Graw-Hill International Ed
3. W. L. Pritchard, J. A. Sciulli, Satellite Communication Systems Engineering, Prentice-Hall, Inc.,
4. M. O. Kolawole, Satellite Communication Engineering, Marcel Dekker, Inc. NY.

Pervasive Computing & Wireless Sensor Networks

ECE 3100

3-0-0

= 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

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Introduction to concept of Pervasive Computing – characteristics & features of Pervasive Computing Systems, Components of such systems, Communication and network requirements, Personal Area Network as defined by IEEE 802.15.4, Potential applications of Pervasive computing systems. Introduction to context, Need for context, Relationship between sensors and context

Wireless Sensor Networks – Introduction to sensors, basic Concepts & characteristics, Need for wireless sensors, Advantages and disadvantages of wireless sensors, Self Organization of Networks, Self-healing capabilities, Network Formation

Routing Algorithms used in WSNs - Introduction to Routing algorithms, Criteria for “good” routing methods, Classification of routing algorithms based on their class, Destination based routing, All-pairs Shortest path Problem – the Floyd-Warshall Algorithm, Routing with Compact Routing Tables

Security Issues in WSNs – Security requirement, issues and goals. Security threats, types of attacks on sensor networks and countermeasures. Symmetric key, public-key, Hash function algorithms, Key Management issues

Localization & Target Tracking in WSNs - Concept of Distributed Digital Signal Processing in Wireless Sensor Networks, Localization techniques based on Signal strength, Angle of Arrival, Beacon based Triangulation. Issues involved in Tracking of moving targets, Collaborative signal processing, its need & challenges. Distributed estimation in sensor networks using Kalman Algorithm.

Recommended Books:

1. Fundamentals of Mobile & Pervasive Computing, Gupta, TMH

Radar Systems and Navigational-Aid

ECE 4161

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Introduction:

Historical background, Radar terminology, Radar band designations, Basic Radar, Radar block diagram, Radar frequencies, Radar-clutter, Information from radar signals, propagation of Radar waves, Applications of Radar.

Radar Equation

Detection of signals in noise, receiver noise and signal to noise ratio, Radar cross-section of targets, transmitter power, PRF, Antenna parameters, other Radar equation considerations.

MTI and Pulse Doppler Radar

FM and CW-Radar, Doppler and MTI Radar, Delay-line cancelers, Digital MTI processing, moving target detector, Pulse Doppler Radar,

Tracking Radar

Tracking with Radar, Mono-pulse Radar, Conical and Sequential Lobing and ADT.

Detection of Signals in Noise

Detection, Matched filter receiver, Detectors, automatic detection, signal management.

Radar Antenna

Antenna parameters, Phased Array Radars ESPAA, MSPAA and Radiation pattern synthesis.

Radar Transmitters and Receiver

Linear beam power tubes, CFA, solid-state RF-power sources, Radar receiver.

Displays: A-scope, B-scope, PPI, modern displays.

Radio Navigation:

Radio direction finding, LORAN Radio ranges, Distance measuring equipments, Instrument and landing systems (ILS), MLS.

Textbooks:

1. Introduction to Radar Systems M.I. Skolnik- McGraw Hill
2. Radar Principles- N. Levanon- Wiley
3. Principles of Modern Radar- J.L. Eaves, and E.K. Reedy- Chapman & Hall
4. Elements of Electronic Navigation - N.S. Nagaraja (TMH publication)

Virtual Instrumentation using LabView

ECE 3091

2 – 0 – 2 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Review of virtual Instrumentation: Historical perspective, advantages, block diagram and architecture of a virtual instrument, data-flow techniques, graphical programming in data flow, comparison with conventional programming.

VI Programming Techniques: VIS and sub-VIS, loops and charts, arrays, clusters and graphs, case and sequence structures, formula nodes, local and global variables, string and file I/O.

Data Acquisition Basics: ADC, DAC, DIO, counters & timers, PC Hardware structure, timing, interrupts, DMA, software and hardware installation.

Common Instrument Interfaces: Current loop, RS 232C/ RS485, GPIB, System buses, interface buses: **USB, PCMCIA, VXI, SCXI, PXI, etc., networking basics for office & Industrial applications**, VISA and IVI, image acquisition and processing. Motion control.

Use of Analysis Tools: Fourier transforms, power spectrum, correlation methods, windowing & filtering. VI applications in various fields.

Lab work will include practical based on learning & Utilizing LabView Software

Recommended Books:

1. Gary Johnson - Labview Graphical Programming, Second edition, McGraw Hill, Newyork, 1997.
2. Lisa K. wells & Jeffrey Travis - Labview for everyone, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1997.
3. Sokoloff - Basic concepts of Labview 4, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1998.
4. S.Gupta, J.P. Gupta - PC interfacing for Data Acquisition & Process Control, Second edition, Instrument Society of America, 1994.
5. LabViewusers manual.
6. National instruments Product catalog.
7. Virtual Instrumentation Using LabView, [Gupta S.](#), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited.

Courses offered to other schools

Semester I

First Year

Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Credits
EEL 1006 EE	Fundamental Of Electrical Engineering	3-0-2	4
ECL 1010 EE	Basic Electronics	3-1-2	5
Total Credits			9

Semester II

First Year

Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Credits
ECL 1010 CSE	Basic Electronics	3-1-2	5
Total Credits			5

Semester III

Second Year

Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Credits
ECL 2070 EE	Digital Electronics	3-0-2	4
ECL 2070 CSE	Digital Electronics	3-0-2	4
Total Credits			8

Semester IV

Second Year

Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Credits
EEL 2412 EE	Analog Electronics (EE)	3-0-2	4
ECL 2040 EE	Electromagnetic Field Theory	3-1-0	4
ECL 2060 EE	Microprocessor Systems	3-1-2	5
Total Credits			13

Semester V

Third Year

Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Credits
EEL 3511 EE	Control Systems	3-0-0	3
EEL 3541 EE	Power Electronics	3-1-0	4
CSL 2031 EE	Data Structure Using C	3-0-2	4
ECE 4195 EE	Social Networks	3-0-0	3
Total Credits			14

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn basic concepts of Semiconductor Devices
CO2	Able to understand and use BJT and MOS Devices.
CO3	Learn and able to apply small signal BJT and FET analysis.
CO4	To analyze and design rectifiers and amplifiers.
CO5	Able to understand advanced semiconductor devices and oscillators.

Introduction:- Semiconductor Classification ,Semiconductor bonds, Energy band description ,Semiconductor types, Hall effect.

Diodes:- P-N junction-I/V characteristics, diode equivalent circuits, semiconductor diodes, rectifiers- (efficiency, ripple factor), filters, clippers, clamping.

Transistors:- BJT construction, characteristics (cb, ce, cc), load line. BJT biasing. FET, JFET, MOSFET (Depletion and enhancement), FET biasing.

Transistor Modeling:- BJT small signal model, hybrid equivalent model, FET small signal model.

Amplifiers:- Single stage amplifiers, voltage gain, effect of frequency on Gain, multistage amplifier.

Other Semi-conductor devices- SCR'S , Diacs, triacs, and other thyristors, basic theory of operation, characteristics, Theory and operation of UJT,

Oscillators:- Feedback BH criteria, oscillator types, sinusoidal oscillator, Hartley oscillator, Colpitts Oscillator, Phase shift, Wein bridge oscillator, crystal oscillator.

Recommended Books:

- Basic Electronics: Devices, Circuits & IT Fundamentals, Kal, PHI
- Basic Electronics for Scientists
- Electronic Devices & Circuits: An Introduction, Mottershead,
- Electronic Devices & Circuits, Boylestad, Nashelky, PHI
- Semiconductor Devices , NanditaDass, PHI
- Electronic Devices & Circuits, Milman&Halkias
- Electronic Devices & Circuits, Theodore Bogart, Jr

Digital Electronics**Course Outcomes**

CO1	To provide the skills to efficiently acquire knowledge on digital electronic circuit analysis and design.
CO2	To acquire Knowledge of various number systems and codes from historic point of view.
CO3	To understand the logic families in digital circuits.
CO4	To obtain the ability to analyze various aspects of sequential circuit design.
CO5	To learn the design procedure for Sequential Circuits and data converters.

Basic concepts of Boolean Algebra: Review of number systems - Binary, Hexadecimal, conversion from one to another, complement arithmetic, Signed and unsigned numbers and their arithmetic operations. BCD, Excess-3, Gray and Alphanumeric codes. Review of Boolean algebra, De-Morgan's Theorems, Standard Forms of Boolean Expressions, Minimization-Techniques: K-MAPS, VEM Technique, Q-M (Tabulation) method.

Logic Gates & families: Logic Families: TTL, MOS, CMOS, Bi-CMOS; Performance parameters of IC families: input and output loading, fan-in, fan-out, tri-state, current drive, voltage levels, noise margins, power-speed tradeoff; Unused inputs; Interfacing between logic families.

Combinational Logic Circuits: Problem formulation and design of Basic Combinational Logic Circuits, Combinational Logic Using Universal Gates. Basic Adders, ALU, Parity-Checkers and Generators, Comparators, Decoders, Encoders, Code Converters, Multiplexer (Data Selector), De-multiplexers

Sequential Circuits: Latches, Flip-flops (SR, JK, T, D, Master/Slave FF,) Edge-Triggered Flip-Flops, Flip-Flop Operating Characteristics, Basic Flip-Flop Applications, Asynchronous Counter Operation, Synchronous Counter Operation, Up/Down Synchronous Counters.

Shift registers & Memories

Shift Register Functions, Serial In - Serial Out Shift Registers, Serial In - Parallel Out Shift Registers, Parallel In - Serial Out Shift Registers, Parallel In - Parallel Out Shift Registers, Bidirectional Shift Registers, Basics of Semiconductor Memories, Random-Access Memories (ROM), Read Only Memories (ROMs), Programmable ROM's (PROMs and EPROM's), PAL, PLA.

A/D and D/A convertor

Characteristics of ADC, Types of ADC- SAR, Dual Slope, Flash ADC. Characteristics of DAC, R-2R Ladder, Weighted Resistance Type

Circuit and electrical interfacing considerations

Transmission line effect, reflection, crosstalk, Noise sources, shielding and decoupling

Recommended Books:

- "Digital Fundamentals" by Thomas L. Floyd, Prentice Hall, Inc
- "Digital Systems - Principles and Applications" by Tocci, R. J. and Widner, Prentice Hall,
- Switching and finite automata theory: Z V Kohavi.-TMH

- Digital Logic Circuit Analysis & Design, by Victor P. Nelson, H. Troy Nagle, Bill D. Carroll and J. David Irwin, Prentice Hall,
- Digital logic and computer design: M Morris Mano –PHI
- Modern digital electronics: R.P. Jain. TMH
- *Digital Design: Principles and Practices*, by Wakerly J F, Prentice-Hall,
- "Digital Experiments Emphasizing Systems and Design," by David Buchla, Prentice Hall, Inc,

Analog Electronics

EEL 2412

3 – 0 – 2 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn the basic concept and the characteristics of transistors.
CO2	Understand the design of OP-AMP and OP-AMP based circuits.
CO3	A thorough understanding, functioning of OP-AMP.
CO4	Design sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal oscillators.
CO5	Know the principle of converter and PLL

Overview of BJT: Structure and I-V characteristics of a BJT; BJT as a switch, Small signal equivalent circuits, high-frequency equivalent circuits.

MOSFET: MOSFET structure and I-V characteristics. MOSFET as a switch. MOSFET as an amplifier: small-signal model and biasing circuits small signal equivalent circuits - gain, input and output impedances, trans-conductance, high frequency equivalent circuit.

Operational Amplifiers: Direct coupled and RC Coupled multi-stage amplifier; Differential amplifier; Internal structure of an operational amplifier, Ideal op-amp, non-idealities in an op-amp (offset voltage and current, input bias current, slew rate, gain bandwidth product), Frequency response of an operational amplifier, Power amplifier: Class A, B and C.

Linear and Nonlinear applications of op-amp: Inverting and non-inverting amplifier, Instrumentation amplifier, Integrator, Differentiator, Active filter, Voltage regulator. Hysteretic Comparator, Zero Crossing Detector, Square-wave and triangular-wave generators, Precision rectifier, peak detector, Monoshot.

Feedback Amplifiers: Different feedback amplifiers, Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics, Feedback configuration: Voltage series and shunt, Current series and shunt feedback configurations.

Oscillators: Condition for Oscillations, RC type Oscillators, LC type Oscillators, Generalized analysis of LC Oscillators, Hartley, Colpitts, Wein Bridge and Crystal oscillator.

Converter: Voltage to frequency and frequency to voltage converter, D-A and A-D Converter, Clipper and clamper, ADC/DAC specification. Phase locked loop: Principle, Phase detector/comparator, Voltage controlled oscillator, Application of PLL.

Recommended Books:

- 1. A. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, "Microelectronic Circuits," New York, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 2. J. V. Wait, L. P. Huelsman and G. A. Korn, "Introduction to Operational Amplifier theory and applications," McGraw Hill U. S., 1992.
- 3. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "OP-AMP and Linear IC's," Prentice Hall
- 4. D. Roy Choudhury, "Linear Integrated Circuits," New Age International Pvt Ltd.
- 5. P.R. Gray, R.G. Meyer and S. Lewis, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits," John Wiley & Sons.

Electromagnetic Field Theory

EEL 2040

4 – 0 – 0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	Able to understand vector analysis and coordinate systems.
CO2	Able to learn time varying electromagnetic field.
CO3	To understand solution of wave equations.
CO4	Able to understand radiation & reflection in time varying EM field.
CO5	To understand the basics of transmission line.

Unit I: Introduction

Vector Analysis, Coordinate System, Gradient, Divergence, Curl, Laplaceian in rectilinear, Cylindrical, Spherical Coordinate System, Line, surface and volume integrals, Divergence Theorem, Stoke's theorem

Unit II: Time varying fields and Maxwell's equations

Introduction, The Equation of Continuity For Time-Varying Fields, Inconsistency Of Ampere's Law, Maxwell's Equation in Integral and differential form, Physical Significance of Maxwell Equation, Boundary conditions.

ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES

Solution For Free-Space Conditions, Uniform Plane Waves & Propagation, The Wave Equations For A Conducting Medium, Sinusoidal Time Variations, Conductors And Dielectrics, Polarization, Reflection By A Perfect Conductor Normal Incidence & Oblique Incidence, Reflection By A Perfect Dielectric — Normal Incidence & Oblique Incidence, Reflection At The Surface Of A Conductive Medium.

RADIATION

Potential Functions And Electromagnetic Field, Potential Functions For Sinusoidal Oscillations, Alternating Current Element, Power Radiated By Current Element, Application To Short Antennas, Radiation From A Monopole Or Dipole.

Transmission Line

Circuit theory analysis of Transmission Line, Loss less and Lossy transmission lines, Reflection coefficient, Transmission Coefficient, VSWR, Input Impedance, Matching of Transmission Line, pulse excitation. Group Velocity and Phase velocity.

Recommended Books:

- Fields & Wave Electromagnetics , DK Cheng
- Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems, Jordan & Balmin
- Elements of Electromagnetics, Sadiku
- Engineering Electromagnetics: W H Hayt & J A Buck
- Advanced Engineering Electromagnetics: C A Balanis

Microprocessor Systems

ECL 2060

3 – 0 – 0 = 3

Course Outcomes

CO1	The student will be able to analyze, specify, design, write and test assembly language programs of moderate complexity.
CO2	The student will be able to select an appropriate 'architecture' or program design to apply to a particular situation; e.g. an interrupt-driven I/O handler for a responsive real-time machine.
CO3	The student will be able to calculate the worst-case execution time of programs or parts of programs, and to design and build, or to modify, software to maximize its run time memory or execution-time behavior.
CO4	Write programs to run on 8086 microprocessor based systems.
CO5	Design system using memory chips and peripheral chips for 16 bit 8086 microprocessor.

Introduction to 8085 Microprocessor: Functional block diagram – Registers, ALU, Bus systems, Memory & Instruction cycles Timing diagrams, Address Decoding techniques, Addressing modes, Instruction Set, Assembly Language Programming, Interrupts-Types & handling, ISR, Stack architecture

Memory and Peripheral interfacing: Basic interfacing concepts - Memory space partitioning - Buffering of buses – Timing constraints - Memory control signals - Read and write cycles, Interfacing RAM, ROM, 8255PPI, Interfacing applications using 8255. Need for direct memory access - DMA transfer types

Intel 16 bit Microprocessor: Register organization of 8086 – Architecture - Physical Memory organization - I/O addressing capability, Addressing modes of 8086 - Instruction set of 8086 - Assembler directives and operators, Assembly language programming, Interrupt Architecture

Freescale 32 bit ColdFire Processor: -Introduction to ColdFire Core, Comparison with 8085 & 8086 Architecture, Introduction to MCF5223X Microprocessor Architecture & Functional Blocks

Recommended Books:

- Gaonkar R. S, "Microprocessor Architecture: Programming and Applications with the 8085/8086A", New Age International (P) Ltd.,
- K. Ray, K. M. Bhurchandi – Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals – Architecture, Programming and Interface – Tata McGraw Hill
- "ColdFire Microprocessors & Microcontrollers" – Munir Bannoura, Rudan Bettelheim and Richard Soja, AMT Publishing.
- Douglas V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing Programming and Hardware", Tata McGraw Hill,
- Daniel Tabak, "Advanced Microprocessors", McGraw Hill,
- David A. Patterson, John L. Hennessey – Computer organization and design-the hardware/software Interface- Elsevier-Morgan Kaufmann Publishers-

Control Systems

ECL 3090

4-0-0 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To learn the basics of Control systems.
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CO2	Able to perform time domain analysis of control system.
CO3	Able to know about the stability of a system.
CO4	Able to perform frequency domain analysis of a control system.
CO5	To learn about basic concepts of digital control systems.

1. Introduction to Feedback Control System

Mathematical models of physical system, Open loop and closed loop systems, regenerative feedback, Transfer function, Block diagrams and reduction techniques including signal flow graphics, deriving transfer function of physical system one mechanical system and field controlled and armature controlled DC servo motors.

2. Time Response Analysis

Standard test signals, time response of second order system, steady state errors and error constants, design specifications of second order system.

3. Stability Analysis

Concept of stability, condition of stability, characteristic equation, relative stability, Routh-Hurwitz criterion, special cases for determining relative stability, Nyquist stability criterion, Nyquist plots

4. Root Locus Techniques.

Basic concept, rules of root locus, application of root locus technique for control systems.

5. Frequency Response Analysis

Bode plots, gain margin, phase margin, effect of addition of poles and zeros on bode-plots.

6. Compensators.

Preliminary design considerations, need of compensation, lead compensations, lag-compensation, lag-lead compensation.

7. Analysis of Control Systems in State – Space

Basic concepts of state, state variable and state models, transfer matrix, Controllability, observability, obtaining state space equations in canonical form.

8. Discrete control system: Z Transform and its properties, Basic structure of Digital Control systems, Description and analysis of Sampled-Data system, Stability analysis of Discrete-time systems

Recommended Books:

- Control System Engineering -- I.J. Nagrath, M.Gopal (Wiley Eastern)
- Feedback Control Systems -- (Schaum's Series book)
- Modern Control System -- Dorf, Bishop (Addison – Wesley Publication)
- Modern Control Engg.(II edition) – Katsuhiko Ogata
- Automatic Control Engg.(II edition)-Kuo

Data Structure Using C

CSL 2031

3-0-2 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To impart the basic concepts of data structures and algorithms.
CO2	To understand concepts about searching and sorting techniques.
CO3	To Understand basic concepts about stacks, queues, lists, trees and graphs.
CO4	To understanding about writing algorithms and step by step approach in solving problems with the help of fundamental data structures

Unit 1

Introduction to programming methodologies and design of algorithms. Structured programming concepts Study and implementation of basic data structures like: Arrays, multidimensional arrays and their organization, introduction to sparse arrays

Unit 2

Linked list (singly, doubly and circular)

Unit 3

Stacks, Queues

Unit 4

Searching: Sequential and binary searching.

Unit 5

Sorting: Insertion, selection, shell, merge and quick sort

Unit 6

Introduction to trees and graphs and traversal methods.

Unit 7

Introduction to Files

List of Experiments

- Implementation of Strings (with and without using functions)
- Implementation of stack and its operations
- Implementation of Q and its operations
- Array and dynamic implementation of linked list and its operations

Recommended Books:

- Mark Allen Weiss, —Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1996
- Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft and Jeffrey D. Ullman, —Data Structures and Algorithms, Pearson Education, 1983.
- Robert Kruse, C.L.Tondo, Bruce Leung, Shashi Mogalla , — Data Structures and Program Design in C, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007
- Jean-Paul Tremblay and Paul G. Sorenson, —An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1991.

Social Networks**ECE 4195****3-0-0 = 4****Course Outcomes**

CO1	
CO2	
CO3	

Introduction

Information Spread Puzzle, Introduction To Python-1, Introduction To Python-2, Introduction To Networkx-1, Introduction To Networkx-2, Social Networks: The Challenge, Google Page Rank, Searching In A Network, Link Prediction, The Contagions, Importance Of Acquaintances, Marketing On Social Networks

Handling Real-World Network

Datasets Introduction To Datasets, Ingredients Network, Synonymy Network, Web Graph, Social Network Datasets, Datasets: Different Formats, Datasets : How To Download, Datasets, Analyzing Using Networkxm, Datasets: Analyzing Using Gephi, Introduction : Emergence Of Connectedness,

Strength Of Weak Ties

Granovetter's Strength Of Weak Ties, Triads, Clustering Coefficient And Neighborhood Overlap, Structure Of Weak Ties, Bridges, And Local Bridges, Validation Of Granovetter's Experiment Using Cell Phone Data, Embeddedness, Structural Holes, Social Capital, Tie Strength, Social Media And Passive Engagement, Betweenness Measures And Graph Partitioning, Finding Communities In A Graph (Brute Force Method) And Others

Strong And Weak Relationships & Homophily

Introduction to Homophily, Selection And Social Influence, Interplay Between Selection And Social Influence, Homophily - Definition And Measurement, Foci Closure And Membership Closure, Introduction To Fatman Evolutionary Model and Coding

Homophily And+Ve / -Ve Relationships

Spatial Segregation: An Introduction, Simulation Of The Schelling Model, Spatial Segregation: Conclusion, Schelling Model Implementation

Positive And Negative Relationships (Introduction),

Structural Balance, Enemy's Enemy Is A Friend, Characterizing The Structure Of Balanced Networks, Balance Theorem, Proof Of Balance Theorem, Introduction To Positive And Negative Edges, Outline Of Implementation, Creating Graph, Displaying It And Counting Unstable Triangles, Moving A Network From An Unstable To Stable State,

Link Analysis

The Web Graph, Collecting The Web Graph, Equal Coin Distribution, Random Coin Dropping, Google Page Ranking Using Web Graph, Implementing Pagerank Using Points Distribution Method- Degree Rank Versus Pagerank,

Cascading Behavior In Networks

We Follow,Why Do We Follow?, Diffusion In Networks, Modeling Diffusion, Modeling Diffusion (Continued),Impact Of Communities On Diffusion,Cascade And Clusters, Knowledge, Thresholds And The Collective Action, An Introduction To The Programming Screencast (Coding 4 Major Ideas),

Hubs and Authorities

Introduction To Hubs And Authorities, Principle Of Repeated Improvement Principle Of Repeated Improvement Hubs And Authorities, Pagerank

Power Laws And Rich-Get-Richer Phenomena

Introduction To Powerlaw, Power Law Emerges In www Graphs, Detecting The Presence Of Powerlaw, Rich Get Richer Phenomenon, Implementing Rich-Getting-Richer Phenomenon (Barabasi- Albert Model)-1 And Others

Power Law Epidemics

Sis and Sir Model Implementation

Small World Phenomenon

Milgram Experiment, Generative Model

Pseudo Core

How To Go Viral On Web

Recommended Books:

- 1. Networks, Crowds and Markets by David Easley and Jon Kleinberg, Cambridge University Press, 2010 (available for free download).
- 2. Social and Economic Networks by Matthew O. Jackson, Princeton University Press, 2010. (free chapter available)

Power Electronics

EEL 3541

3-0-2 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	Understand the differences between signal level and power level devices.
CO2	Analyse controlled rectifier circuits.
CO3	Analyse the operation of DC-DC choppers.
CO4	Analyse the operation of voltage source inverters.
CO5	Analyse the working and operation of cycloconverter

1. Introduction to Feedback Control System

Mathematical models of physical system , Open loop and closed loop systems, regenerative feedback, Transfer function, Block diagrams and reduction techniques including signal flow graphics, deriving transfer

Power switching devices:

Diode, Thyristor, MOSFET, IGBT: I-V Characteristics, Firing circuit for thyristor, Gate drive circuits for MOSFET and IGBT, Working and Characteristics of GTO, Working and Characteristics of DIAC, Working and Characteristics of TRIAC.

AC-DC Converters (Thyristor rectifiers):

Single-phase half-wave and full-wave rectifiers, Single-phase full-bridge thyristor rectifier with R-load and highly inductive load, Operation and analysis of Single phase uncontrolled and controlled rectifiers with RLE load, Three-phase full-bridge uncontrolled and controlled rectifiers with R-load and highly inductive load; Estimation of RMS load voltage, RMS load current and input power factor, power factor improvement methods for phase controlled rectifiers, effect of source inductance Input current wave shape.

DC-DC converters:

Elementary chopper with an active switch and diode, concepts of duty ratio and average voltage, Principle of step up and step down operation, Time ratio control for Chopper, Single quadrant DC chopper, Two quadrant and four quadrant DC choppers, analysis and waveforms at steady state.

DC-AC Converters (Inverter):

Power circuit of single-phase voltage source inverter, Single phase half-bridge inverter, Single phase full-bridge inverter, switch states and instantaneous output voltage, square wave operation of the inverter, concept of average voltage over a switching cycle, bipolar sinusoidal modulation and unipolar sinusoidal modulation, modulation index and output voltage, Power circuit of a three-phase voltage source inverter, switch states, instantaneous output voltages.

AC-AC Converters :

AC Voltage regulator, Single phase half wave AC voltage controller with R load, Single phase full wave AC voltage controller with R load, Single phase full wave AC voltage controller with R-L load, Single phase to single phase (circuit step-up and step-down) cycloconverter, Three-phase to single-phase (halfwave) Cycloconverter, Three-phase to three-phase (half-wave) Cycloconverter.

Recommended Books:

- M. H. Rashid, "Power electronics: circuits, devices, and applications", Pearson Education India, 2009.
- N. Mohan and T. M. Undeland, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
- R. W. Erickson and D. Maksimovic, "Fundamentals of Power Electronics", Springer Science &Business Media, 2007.
- L. Umanand, "Power Electronics: Essentials and Applications", Wiley India, 2009.
- PS Bhimbra, "Power Electronics", Khanna Publishers, 2019.

Fundamental of Electrical Engineering

EEL 1006

3-0-2 = 4

Course Outcomes

CO1	To solve the electrical circuits (DC & AC).
CO2	Solve and analyze the electrical circuits using network theorems and understand the behavior of AC electrical circuits and resonance.
CO3	To understand the three phase electrical systems and apply the concepts of measurements in measuring electrical quantities.
CO4	Solve and analyze the behavior of magnetic circuits and understand the concept of transformers and their applications.
CO5	To study the working principles of basic electrical machines including DC as well as AC machines.

Unit I

Introduction and Electrical Circuit Analysis: Concepts of network, Active and passive elements, Voltage and current sources, Concept of linearity and linear network, Unilateral and bilateral elements, Source transformation, Kirchhoff's laws, Loop and nodal methods of analysis, Star-delta transformation, AC fundamentals: Sinusoidal, square and triangular waveforms – Average and effective values, Form and peak factors, Concept of phasors, Phasor representation of sinusoidally varying voltage and current

Unit II

Steady- State Analysis of Single Phase AC Circuits: Analysis of series and parallel RLC Circuits, Concept of Resonance in series & parallel circuits, bandwidth and quality factor; Apparent, active & reactive powers, Power factor, Concept of power factor improvement and its improvement (Simple numerical problems) Network theorems: Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum Power Transfer theorem (Simple numerical problems).

Unit III

Three Phase AC Circuits: Three phase system-its necessity and advantages, Star and delta connections, Balanced supply and balanced load, Line and phase voltage/current relations, Three-phase power and its measurement (simple numerical problems).
Measuring Instruments: Types of instruments, Construction and working principles of PMMC and moving iron type voltmeters & ammeters, Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, Use of shunts and multipliers (Simple numerical problems on shunts and multipliers).

Unit IV

Magnetic Circuit: Magnetic circuit concepts, analogy between electric & magnetic circuits, B-H curve, Hysteresis and eddy current losses, Magnetic circuit calculations (Series & Parallel).
Single Phase Transformer: Principle of operation, Construction, EMF equation, Equivalent circuit, Power losses, Efficiency (Simple numerical problems), Introduction to auto transformer.

Unit V

DC Machines: Principle & Construction, Types, EMF equation of generator and torque equation of motor, applications of DC motors (simple numerical problems)
Three Phase Induction Motor: Principle & Construction, Types, Slip-torque characteristics, Applications (Numerical problems related to slip only)
Single Phase Induction motor: Principle of operation and introduction to methods of starting, applications.
Three Phase Synchronous Machines: Principle of operation of alternator and synchronous motor and their applications.

Recommended Books:

- D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- L.S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.
- V.D. Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.
- B Dwivedi and A Tripathi, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Wiley India.
- Kuldeep Sahay, "Basic Electrical Engineering", New Age International Publishers.
- J. B. Gupta, "Electrical Engineering", Kataria and Sons.
- C L Wadhwa, "Basic Electrical Engineering", New Age International.
- W.H. Hayt and J.E. Kimerly, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", Mc Graw Hill.



Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University

Campus: Kakryal, Katra 182 320

Phone: 01991-285699, 285634 Fax: 01991-285694

Public Relations Office:

Kalika dham, Near railway Station, Jammu-180004

Telefax: 0191-2470067

Website: www.smvdu.ac.in

Published by: Shri Mata Vaishno Devi University, Katra J&K 182 320